THE

AND OFTICIAL GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA GNEWFOUNDLAND P

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24th Year. No. 20 TORONTO, FEBRUARY 15, 1908. Price, 5 Cents. THOMAS B. COUMBS THE BEST FORD SAVE MERCY MERCY IN ESUS

SKETCHES OF THE SALVAGE WORKS.

(See page 9.1 5

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### HOW A SOLDIER DIED.

#### A Swedish Incident.

In Connection with the opening of Sundsvall Corps, Sweden, one of the Seldiers met his death under pathetic Sundsvall Corps, Sweden, one of the Seldiers met his death under pathetic curcumstances. Sergents Sundkvist mid Forsgren, who had heen to a meighbouring factory village for a meeting, were returning home across the ice. "We were walking along and talking of the joy we had in God," seld Sundkvist. "Just as we sang the last words of a chorus, the lee broke under one of my feet. I was in the water at ource." Now Forsgren also sank. After we had shonted for help, he asked, 'Do you think we shall be left here, Sundkvist." I replied, 'We are in God's hands,' and we thanked Him that we were converted. Forsgren said, 'Thank You, dear God, that I may saved; 'Thank You, dear God, that I may saved; 'Thank You, dear God, that I have been saved. I've months! Thank You, dear God, that I have been saved. I've months! Thank You, dear God, that I have been saved. I've months! Thank You, dear God, that I have been saved. I've months! Thank You, dear God, that I have been saved. I've mother of the greater said, I so Home to God. Twice I shouted, 'Albin, have you gone Home?' hut there was no answer."

The young Salvationist had died at his post. His body was laid on a temporary hier, and—it is just like The Army — carried to a neighbouring wood, where a meeting was held around the deares. With the Officers and Soldiers so with the Cofficers and Soldiers so

wood where a around the dead.
With the Office around the dead.

With the Officers and Soldiers so filled with the spirit of The Army, the spirit of enthusiasm and love for corels, it is not surprising that the Work so rapidly grew and multiplied.

British Cry.

### THE BUDDHIST WOMAN.

### A Treacherous Deed.

On a recent Sunday afternoon, the On a recent sundy arternoon, include it is deader of our Home meeting said: "God gives us the privilege of bringing our gifts to Him-but: who, this afternoon is willing to bring their body a fiving sacrifice unto God," One, dear woman immediately came forward, and with tears failing, asked

forward, and with tears failing, asked God to take away her sins.

This woman had been a Buddhist living a quiet village life, then came a time when she was offered more under if she would only come to Colombo. "She came little suspecting what was in store. It was the old-storr—instead of the nonest work she expected—found herself in a house of librane, and when she tried to escape were treated by a room and her dichlus." ill-fame; and when she tried to escape was locked in a room and her clothing taken away, and here she was kept prisoner for ahout a year, then her health was gone; and these wicked people were compelled to send her to the hospital. When about to the discharged, this wicked "employer" tried to take back her prey, but the Rescue Officers had stepped in before her, and

told this dear woman of a way of escape which she gladly accepted. She is now well saved, very industrious, a willing to do any kind of work. Indian Cry.

### IN THE DEAD OF NIGHT.

#### "And No One Came."

"And no Use Lame.

The call came in the dead of night.

The man who lived at number six answered it. He was a fine fellow. Big and Strong, with kind eyes and a hand-grip like a vise. He wore full Salvation regimentals, and they he-came him, from the peak of his redhanded cap to the toes of his ahiny boots. When the call came, he slipped down the street to number eighty-four.

ur. The "Skipper." as local seafarers The "Skipper," as local seafarers called him, was not an eight-hour-day man. Early and late he worked with a will. Folks came to him at all hours for a prayer, a garment, a meal, a joh, or a reference. When the strike was on he covered himself with glory, so hard did he toil. Hence, he was loved, and the people seemed likely to kill him with overwork.

Those about him lived grey lives, and his presence in their midst was as a ray of warm sunshine on a warm day.

Those about him lived grey lives, and his presence in their midst was as a ray of warm sunshine on a warm day.

When he got to number eighty-four he made his way upstairs, to the bedside of a man whose end was near. The "Skipper," like most men of action, was not annormally sentimental, but when he looked upon the man in hed, he felt very sorry for him. There was something inexpressibly sad in the wistful eyes of the sick man. The "Skipper" conversed quietly for a few moments with the wife who stood at the bed-side.

The man was too weak to tell his story, so he had hidden his wife relate it. Briefly, it was this. He had been a good man once. When on the wrong, way, and a lover of drink, he had heard the drum of the Salvation ists; it had boomed him out of the saloon and into a Salvation meeting place. It was throbhlag when he rose s new man at the penitent-hench, and he kept in step and tame with the salvation life it indicated. The drum had done for him, his trombone had done for others.

Even in dying, with wasted years between himself and the day he had up done for others under the old Flag hrought.

him some little peace of mind. His anguish rose out of his lean years. The "Skipper" knelt by the man's hedside with his hand in his, and His

The "Skipper" knelt by the man shedsdle with his hand, in 'his, and, prayed. And the man turned his face to the wall, his parched lips moving the while; the wife, woman like, thuried her face in her hands and wept. Her tears fell upon the trombone, "which lay shining upon the verlet

coverlet.
The man's voice 'sounded faint and far away.
Take it—take it to the meeting—the meeting—ask for some one to—to—come out—and—and—fill my

place."
When the "Skipper" left, the day was breaking, with storm-clouds over-

t the solemn service, a trombone seen suspended from the reading

desk.
"It was his wish," said the "Skip-per," for one of you to come out and take, his place, and play this instru-ment, to 'help make up for the lean years he had lived."
"And no one came.—All the World.

### NO COFFIN FOR THE DEAD.

### · Army Officer Turns Undertaker.

We have had a week of glorlous victories at our. El Paso Spanish-Corps; a genuine soci-stirring revival seems to have come suddenly upon us. Nugnt after night soulis have appeared at the penitent-form pleading for mercy. Six and eight and even ten at a time have come out and knelt forgrace or salvation, and the said is not yet. Helleligh! There are said to 20,000 Mexicans in this city, all huddled together in the Mexican quarter.

be 20,000 Mexicans in this city, all buddled together in the Mexican quarter.

Side by side with this revival, and all around us are sickness and poverty; and oh, what poverty! Let me give an instance. The other day a little Mexican girl, in a hole that she called ber shome, without medicine or doctor's care, died! The county could not furnish a coffin, explaining that no coffins were furnished for children. The family was utterly destitute, and the father was side. Bed-Clothes, wearing, apparel, provisions and coal had to be furnished—immediately. I had to make the coffin, and help dig the grave. The fother, though sil, would not let me dig it entirely. With pale face and fulling tears, he scoped the "narrow bed." On the cold ground, heald the next calt-varish coffin, sat-the, mother weeping. the mother weeping. Two mighty emotions were shalding her feehle frame—sorrow for the loss of her little one, and gratitude to The Army for its kindness. In the years to

come, will that bright-eyed, enlyhaired little boy of six and that girl,
a little older, remember their ride to
the cemetery in the express wargon?
Will thay remember the sage-brush
walch they gathered to put upon.
Will thay remember the sage-brush
walch they gathered to put upon
the walch they gathered to put upon
the mount? Reading a passage of
storipture, and praying for-comfortion
they come and entage
they are the final resurrection.
As the funeral waggon, containing
the parents and brothers and sisters
of the dead Mexican girl, for whose
remains the writer mads the coffin
and helped dig the grave, wended dis
way to the cemetery, a very favourable
impression was made upon the people
as regards The Army. "What would
the poor people do if it were not for
The-Army?" saked one. The whole of
The-Army? saked one. The whole of the circumstances were most pathetic. The expressman, a Scotchman, did all his work for \$1:00—American War

### TRAVELLING IN SOUTH AFRICA

### A Young Fellow's Experience.

A Young fellow's Experience.

We sailed away, and in a few days reached Angra Pequena. It was a very queer place—no trees of grass to he seen, nothing, but sand. We landed in the desort on Saturday afternoon, too late to draw rations, and, as none were issued on Sundays, we had to do the best we could till the Monday! The transport riding for which we had signed on, was terrible work, scarcely any water was obtainable, and we had to tramp day after day through the sand. There are no roads there, as the wind moves the sand from place to place. It was pittful to see the poor oxel ying by hundreds everywhere, killed by hunger and thirst. Then the military band would not give us proper time to prepare and eat our own food—all the were able to do was to put a little meal in some water over a fire, without salt, and eat is as soon as it got a little bit warm, till at last, lumps of raw meat-hegan to sitck in my throat. After a while the oxen were replaced by mules; but these were even more troublesome to us, as they used to capsize the earts or go astray in the hush when outepanned.

When we got to Keetmanshoep; I lay under a waggon and thought of "Home, Sweet Houne," and a few weeks afterwards I again boarded the steamer and returned to Cape Town.

I wandered should from place to place, and went to The Army meetings time after tims, but one day in steamer and went to The Army meetings time after tims, but one day in Blosmfontein in the little-Hall now used as the Man's Shelter, I yielder to the extrivings of the Spirit, and started to serve God. I had been faithful for the service of Satian, and made up my milad to he faithful for the Lovil. It is uny determination to go on in the fight to the end.—South African War Cry.

### The Praying League

Conducted by Mrs. Blanche Johnston.

Special Prayer Topic Pray for all the Converts of the Winter Campaign who are contemplating Soldership, that they may have the courage of their convictions.

Sunday, Feb. 16.—Unfaithful Officers.
—Ezek xxxiv. 2-21.
Monday, Feb. 17.—Dry Bones.—Ezek.
xxxivl. 1-10; xxxvl. 25-27.
Tuesday, Feb. 18.—One nation, one
king.—Ezek. xxxvii, 11-28.
Wednesday, Feb. 19.—Living Waters.
Ezek. xivii, 11-2.
Thursday, Feb. 20.—Vegetarians and
Abstainers.—Dan. 1. 3-19.
Felday, Feb. 21.—Prove that You Can.
—Dan. 11. 1-16.
Seturiay, Feb. 22.—The Only Revealer.—Dan. 11. 7-30.

WHAT IS THE PRAYING LEAGUE?

I have been asked this question

repeatedly lately, and for the sake of the new members who, week hy week, and their names to our roll, and for the benefit of our readers who may not have joined us as yet, but are intending to do no. I am souding a few words of explanation this week.

Watchword.—The watchword of the League is "Pray without ceasing," and this our members are urged to do.

The Object.—The object of the League is: To pray for a mighty awakening among the children of God and a ziorious revival throughout the

and a glorious revival throughout the

world.

Its further purposes are: 1. To link together a great number of the Soldiers of Jesus Christ for united prayer-li. To concentrate a great volume of prayer upon certain specific objects.

Iff. To pray for a revival of soul-saving. 1. To record remarkable

nswers to prayer.
Its Benefits and Blessings.—Among its Benefits and Biessings—Among other hiessings which our members have mentioned as being the direct result of helonging to and participating in the Prayer League, the following are direct blossings expected and received: A great outnouring of the Spirit upon the army of the living God. 2 A deepening of the spiritual life in all God's children. 3. Multi-tudes of scule aroot. 1. Inspiration for individual workers.

Duties of Members.—Members are asked to pray: 1. For conviction to take hold of the unconverted in your own family. 2. For a universal baptism of the Holy Spirit to fall upon the children of God everywhere. 3. For a soni-saving revival in your community. 4. For the leaders of God's army everywhere, especially your own Officer or minister. 5. For all unitsiters to filling in foreign lands. 6. For the reversel General of The Salvation Army. Duties of Membe . —Members

Army.

Dally, Reading.—Our members are asked to read the dally portion of Scripture to be found tabulated in the current issue of the War Cry, or the provide suggested in the Salvation Soidlers' Guide, and. If possible, a verse of Scripture at mid-day from the selected verses called "Leaves for Plucking," to be found in the Soldiers' Guide.

The Pleige.—Inex are also requested to sign this simple pleige: I promise to pray every day for an outpouring of the Spirit of God apon His people in all nations and that The Salvation Army hisy be inspired to continue its manifold works of mercy and soul-saving at all times and in all places throughout the world.

Signed

New Members.—Quite a number have joined us lately, and we shall be glud to welcome many more. The membership will link the member with many dear praying people throughout the Territory, and he the means of much spiritual blessing. Send your names to the Commissioner, or to the Praying League Secretary, at S. A. Temple, Toronto.

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N.B.—In order that the cost of the Card of Memhership, the League's cor-respondence, and all charges may be met, a nominal entrance fee of 10 cents is asked from every member.

### A Gathering o



AST Wed of the Q Army. mi Chamber drank, an character.

telligent and unvarying he talked to them of their high calling. Th audience with admirat blanched white with most part they were a bright eyes and clear and with their red tu to look upon, did the Army Corns in the Ci

### In Harmony wi

The Commissione to the movement, inas responsible for each c strumentation, but sh harmony with God's in that sense was to h that which promoted not a great musiclan, that for the sake ment; hut, sald that well. Let us keep hi

The musicians pr ment hy thundering they must bring thel

### A Romantic Hi

There were many were well received, a vation Army Bandsn ysur eld instruments the Juniors, who wou Band could recruit i And the applause the

Bandsmen's cond ings, was all reviewe and Instructive. It Bandsmen in the Te

We also thought vation Army Bands v turning the matter memory of a sight the Crystal Palace,

It is quite possi look upon more gor pressive sounds that certain great Brass. Army Bandsmen cov transcut with major doubts.

On that occasio forms that formed Like the cliffs of a moth Orchestra—th pillar-like pipes of o

### A Splendid Sc

Out of the bloc nisbed Instruments the electric light w glorles of the sinl

It was a gorgeo tor's haton, there o to the nightingale's very moonlight-was transported to that Aegean Seg, and be

# ROMANCE OF ARMY BANDS.

### A Gathering of Toronto Bandsmen Addressed by the Commissioner—A Review of Some of the Causes that Led to the Development of S. A. Bands.



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AST Wednesday evening the Commissioner met the Bandsmen of the Queen City Corps. One hindred and sixty Salvation Army musicians and th ir Officers assembled in the Council Chamber of the Temple for a conversatione. They atc. drank, and chatted with all the abandon and good feeling that characterises Salvationis's, and then sat and listened with in-

telligent and unvarying interest to the Commissioner for two hours, while he talked to there of the privileges, the responsibilities and the honour of their high calling. The writer sat up in the platform, and gazed upon that audience with admiration and gratitude. There were a few whose upper audience with admiration and gratitude. There were a few whose upper lips were shaded with down; there were yet fewer whose hair was blanched white with age, as the sno vs on Mount Sir Donald; but for the most part they were all in the bloom of splendid young manhood, their bright eyes and clear skins telling of clean lives and wholesome conditions, and with their red tunies and bright facings, they presented a sight good to look upon, ald these 160 Bandsmen, who belong only to The Salvation Army Corps in the City of Toronto.

### In Harmony with God.

The Commissioner began by reminding toem how important they are to the movement, inasmuch as music and song plays such a prominent part to the movement, inasmuch as music and song plays such a prominent pite in the warfare of The Salvation Army. Thus they were to a large extent responsible for each other, and should work, not only for harmony in their instrumentation, but should have perfet harmony in their organisation—a harmony with God's will and purposes. The only way to ensure harmony in that sense was to have much of the Spirit's Christ, and to encourage that which promoted a holy influence. There was a Bandsman who was not a great muslcian, but was a good Holy Ghost man: It was suggested not a great musician, out was a good missing the should lay down his instru-tion that for the sake of musical harmony he should lay down his instru-ment; but, said that Band, "No, he can't play well, but he can pray well. Let us keep him for the good influence he is in the Band,"

The nusicians present showed how mine they appreciated that sentiment by thundering applause. Still, the Commissioner urged upon them they must bring their best in music unto the Lord.

### A Romantic History.

There were many striking points in the Commissioner's address which were well received, and could not fail to broaden the outlook of even Salvation Army Bandsmen. For instance, said the Coumissioner, "Why sell vation army Bazausmen. For instance, and the Commissioner, "Why sell your old instruments for a few dollars, when you could present them to the limitors, who would form a Junter's Brase Band, from which the Senior Band could recruit its ranks at will, it would be a sound investment." And the applicance that greeted the suggestion showed how it went home.

And the applause that greeted the suggestion showed how it went home. Bandsmen's conduct in the Corps, in their homes, in the prayer meetings, was all reviewed and commented on in a manner at once interesting and instructive. It was a very pleas at evening. We wished all the Bandsmen in the Territory could have been present.

We also thought that a brief reliew of the romantic history of Salvation Army Bands would not be without interest in this connection, and turning the matter over in our mind, there sprang into mental view a memory of a sight we withessed a year or two ago in the Old Land, at the Crystal Palace, and we wrote thus:—

the Crystal Palace, and we wrote thus:—
It is quite possible that on this terrestrial ball the human eye could It is quite possible that on this terrestrial and the minimal eye conditions upon more gorgeous scenes, and the car of man listen to more inpressive sounds than were witnessed and heard by those who attended a certain great Brass Band Festival at the "C. P.," when 3.500 Salvation rmy Bandsmen covered the Handel Orchestra with colour, and filled the opt with majestic harmonics, but we frankly say than we have our

On that occasion the great illuminants east their white rays upon uniforms that formed a ground of royal red and completely filled the view. Like the cliffs of a cove on the seashore ascended the tiers of the mannoth Orchestra—the topinost range being crowned with the silver grey pillar-like pipes of one of the greatest organs in the world.

#### A Splendid Scene.

Out of the blood-red mist of striped tunies came the sheen of barnished instruments—the polished brass, and shining silver, gleaming in the electric light with a spiendour something akin to that of the reflected glories of the sinking summer sun on the crystal walls of the Palace it-

It was a gorgeous spectacle; but when, at the mulifting of the conductor's baton, there crassed out a volume of sound—a verifable dispasso of all nature's harmonies, from the triple bass of the momnain torrents roar

to the nightingale's song in the silvery moralight we seemed to be transported to that lonely rock in the Aegean Sca, and heard sounds similar

to those which fell upon the cars of that much-persecuted saint, John the Divine, when he heard, as it were, "The voice of a great multitude, and as the voice of many waters, and as the voice of mighty thunderings, saying, Alichia! for the Lord God Onn ipotent reigneth."

### Musical Development.

The Festival referred to marked the highest development of Salvation Army Brass Bands, up to date. Some idea of the extent of this growth may be gathered from the fact that every Suuday throughout the world no fewer than twenty thousand Ban, smen march the public ways, bearing in their hands, or upon their manly chests, no less than \$500,000 worth of instruments and music. A calculation upon the basis that each Band coninstitutions and phase. A cardination upon the basis that each baind con-tains twenty-five players, and marches five miles in connection with its openair work, reveals the fact that four thousand miles of streets—amongst them the worst thoroughfares of cities — are enlivened every Sunday by the sweet strains of "the songs of Moses and the Lamb."

To those who believe in the elevating power of music this should not ce without significance.

How the public appreciate Salvation Army Bands has in several instances of late in Cauada been shown in a gratifying manner,

### Public Appreciation.

A certain Corps decided to have new instruments for its Band, and asked the public to subscribe the "needful". The public not only gave the money, but, in a way, insisted that the instruments should be silver-Their wish was complied with, and the Mayor formally presented the instruments to the Corps.

At Brandon, Man., the inhabitin's were desirous that the Band should have silver, instruments, and gave most liberally to the purchase of sixteen. new Instruments. On the night of the presentation, which was performed by Mr. Williamson, he made the sit tement that he wanted The Salvation Army Band to be the best in the West, and appealed to the audience for funds to purchase eleven more instruments. This was so much to the like ing of those present that they raised \$223 on the spot, whereupon the speaker donated an equal amount, \$550.

Ferhaps no phase of Salvation Army methods has come in for a great-amount of scofling from the scor. ful, and the wrath of the "unco" guid" than The Army Bands. And certainly not without some show of reason, for the beginnings were elementary crough in all conscience, and the story of their genesis and development is not without interest, and must be a source of great gratification to our beloved General, who, in the days when misunderstanding was rife, had to suffer much opprobrium in conse of his wise and far-seeing determination to employ the militant Brass Band in reaching the masses.

### The Big Drum.

Salvation Army music very properly began with the big drum: If this cas not the first instrument of music made by Jubal, it is a fact that it is a musical instrument common to all nations, and perhaps nothing is so calculated to incite the soul of man to deeds of "derring-do" as the rhythmic beats of the "spirit stirring drum," whether it be the war drum of the "atchele, which is eight feet high and heaten by two men, or the Thetan drim recently sold in London, made out of two human skulls.

What it was that led to the adoption of the drum as an instriment of

Salvation Army warfare is not quite clear. Some old veterans say the mebs and skeleton armies of old days drowned the singing of the Soldiers. and broke in the raphs, so that something was necessary to let them know where the head of the procession was, Others say that it was used to attract people when the human voice failed to arrest attention. Others, again, that the Soldlers needed something to enable them to keep step and march in time. No doubt each of these causes contributed to its general use; but, whatever the cause, there is no doubt that the drum has by its

nse in The Salvation Army been made a mighty blessing to many.

Here is a case, for instance, that recently came under our observation.

An old man came into an Army meeting in a Western town, being attracted there by the drum. He was in a wretched condition. His misfortune and his sins had made him very despondent, and he was debat-ing in his mind, whether he should crop into the lake from the edge of the ice; or throw himself under the wheels of an approaching express train,

At that moment, the drum of The Salvation Army sounded out on the frosty air, and the old man turned his steps towards The Army Hail, Gambling and drink had ruined him, but as a drowning man grasps at a straw, he reached out to take hold of the last chance of mercy.

The words spoken that night by the Officer, who happened to be Capt. Mercer, revived hope in his brear!, and he sought the pardon of God and the help of The Army. Neither fall-(Continued on page 15.)

### THE REVIVAL OF A "HARD GO."

Knee-Drills at 5.30 a.m.

Upon being appointed to a little town in Ontario, a certain Captain found that everything was very much down. Only three grumbling Soldiers turned up to welcome and assist him. and everyone told him that he had better pack up and go home. He had great faith for better things, however, and under the guidance of God arranged for a special week of intercession for a revival. A knee-drill was announced for every morning of the week at the very early hour of 130 Fifteen people came to the first one, and they all got such a blessing that they were anxious to have another taste. The last knee-drill was attended by thirty, although it was held in a cottage two miles out in the country. Instead of getting tired of praying, this only whetted the people's appetite for more, and they suggested another special week. The climan was reachone Sunday night, when a young fellow stood up ln the meeting and said: "Look here, boys; I've been a fool long enough. I left the Old Country dissatisfied altogether with religion, and thought there was nothing Whilist unpacking my trunk the other day I found a Bible which had besn put there by my mother and I have been in a miserable state ever since;" He then marched out to the penitent form and commenced to pray. Such was the effect of his declaration and his action that nine of the young men who were in the habit of eating peanuts at the back of the Hall, and occasionally disturbing the meeting, made up their minds to follow his example. A most genuine revival then came about, and the Captain rejoiced to leave behind a splendid Corps of earnest Soldiers. He also cleared off a large debt, and quite restored the prestige of The Army in the The secret of all successful work for God is earnest, persistent prayer.

### PROVINCIAL STAFF AT WORK.

HE COULD NOT SLEEP.

January 19th Lieut, Colonel Sharp and the Provincial Staff led the meetings at London II. Tire weather was rather stormy, but the crowds ere good, and the results very gratifying. Eight Seniors and 19thg. Eight Seniors and four Juniors came to the feet of the Friend of Sinners. They got what they wanted. The work is getting along very nicely in this Corps, and a most encouraging outlook for the future is subsed. Another way of convergely. ahead. Another case of conversion took place after the meeting. A man had attended the meeting all day, but would not yield. However, after try log to sleep, he had to rise and make filings right with God. On Tuesday night he turned out to the meeting togive God the glory and The Army the praise. He has since put his pipe and tobacco in the stove.

### Fifteen Souls at Ayimer.

On Saturday and Sunday, 25th and 26th, the Provincial Staff, under the feadership of Lieut-Colonel Sharp, journeyed to Aylmer. On Saturday night a musical meeting was held, when the members of the Staff and Iccal talent put up a very good programme. Two souls sought salvation. On Sunday a most blessed time was put in. It was stormy, but the crowds were good, and the results most prac-

### A MODERN GIDEON.

The Striking Story of a Dauntless Man who saw his Opportunity and Rose to it.



HE life story of Staff-Captain Gideon Miller is a record of mighty triumphs wrought by God through the instrumentality of a fully surren-

dered man. Like his namesake of olden times, who delivered Israel out of the hand of the Midlanties, this modern "mighty man of valour" felt very doubtful at first about his fitness for the work of God. As the couplet puts it, however—

Gideons must Isaiahs be, Vision first, then victory,

Having had the vision of the need of the world for living witnesses to the power of the Gospel of Christ, this young Gideon arose in the strength of the Lord and went forward to conquest in His Name. Fixing his eyes on the Cross, he followed Christ

with difficulty that they kept the fire burning, as they had no wood cut, and were minus saw and axe.

#### A Spare but Healthy Diet.

With what little money they possessed they bought a bag of oatmeal and a quantity of soda blecuits. They also obtained two tin spoons and a tin dish. Then they started in to keep house in proper style, and lived riotously for several weeks on the following menu: Oatmeal and hiscuits for hreakfrast, biscuits and oatmeal for dinner, and oatmeal and biscuits for supper. The people seemed terrified at their appearance, and they could not even borrow a saw to cut wood with. Such warriors were not easily discouraged, however, and they would march around the town night afternight, the Cadet playing "On, on, no surrender," on bis cornet, and Gideon



Staff-Captain and Mrs. Miller.

through much hardness and persecution, and was abundantly rewarded with souls for his hire.

Sieeping on a Plank.

Just previous to his being accepted he had a taste of fighting which some what prepared him for future exploits. A Cadet had been ordered to open fire on the little town of Princeton, and Gideon offered to go and assist him for a few weeks. They started operations by renting a large church. The pews had been taken out of it, but they soon fixed things up by obtaining some boxes and planks. A few boys came to the first meeting, and spent the time laughing at the two preachers. As nobody came to offer them a hillet, they had to sleep on the side of an oaken plank, comforting themselves with the reflection that Master they loved had very often "not where to lay His bend." It was a bitterly cold night, and every now and again they were awakened by the sound of the loud cracking of the building, owing to the frost. It was

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tical. In the movaling six came for cleansing and one for salvation. In the afternoon, in spite of the storm, we had five for salvation. In the croning, after a most serious and keeping time on the big drum.

A Glorious Victory.

One very cold night a knock came at the Barracks door. A young man stood outside, and upon being admitted, he exclaimed, "Do you lads really stay in this cold old barn of a place at night?"

"Yes," was the reply, "and we're as happy as if it were a king's palace."
"Weil, then," he sald, "I guess you must have some religion. I wish I was as happy as you are."

Down on their kness went the two Salvationists, and they bad the joy of leading their first soul to the Saviour. Then they all marched around the old church, praising God for victory. Next morning Gldeon wrote out his application for the work, using the drum as a writing desk.

He then returned to Paris, his native town, and was given a great send-off when he farowelled for his first appointment as a Cadet, Judging from the crowd at the station, one would (Continued on page 15.)

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gripping meeting, one more yielded, making fifteen for the weekend, an extraordinary state of things for Aylmer. The Orange Hall was kindly loaned for the occasion.

### BAND CHAT.

The St. John I. Band is plodding on under the direction of Bandmaster Shepherd. A musical evening was given recently and proved a great success. We have added a tenor horn, a barltone, and a new side dwam to our justruments.

Though quite a number of our Band boys have gone from Peterborough recently, some to England and some to Cohourg, we yet number over forty, and are forging ahead.

During the week following Carlstmas; we were out every night serenading the citizens, and they gave us \$283.00. W. C. Forde, our cornet soloist, has been appointed Deputy-Bandmaster.

The Toronto Junction Band some time ago, spent Sunday atternoon entertaining the ihmates of the Western Sanitorium with music and song. The matron invited the Band to go through the hospital, and I had the privilege of speaking to a soul who was very near death, who told me the playing and singing had brought comfort to her.

Having a pressing invitation to return, last Sunday afternoon found us plodding along the road to Weston. After playing for about two hours, to the patients, they (to show their appreciation for our services) took up a president of our services) took up a sunuil collection among themselves, and save it to the Band. Then off we set on our return tramp, in the face of a biting cold whad, that mads us feel as if our ears were about to leave us. We had about an hour to get supper and get back for the openair, but we nustered in full force, and pitched in for a good finish to a hard-day's work.

God first is our motto, and we work to win.—Bandmaster.

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The Lippincott Band is at present endeavouring to raise \$2,000 in order to purchase new instruments, and under the energetic direction of Captain-Pattenden, the Band Secretary, they are advancing towards their goad. A Musical Festival was recently given in the Citadel in aid of the fund. Brigadier Taylor was chalirman, and a very pleasing programme was rendered. Staff-Captain Easton presided at the plano, and her services were greatly appreciated.

We have started a Band at Saskatoon, and recently held a ple social to raise funds for the instruments: Ensign Pearce made the presentation of instruments to the Corps.

Orillia Band is doing well under Bandmaster G. W. Gross. The Christians serenading orought in the snug little sum of \$125.00, and as a result, a new Class A. Monster Bass has been ordered, which will greatly improve

the Band in every way.

The following cutting from the "Orilina Times" shows the townsfolks' appreciation:—

"The S. A. Band serenaded several prominent citizens yesterday morning, playing very sweet music. This Band is spiendidly equipped, and is worthy of generous support. Almost every evening it is upon the street and is guite an attraction. The Band is making a Sunday morning itinerary of the town, so that no one section is more favoured than another. The citizens should account the members of so excellent a musical organisation every encouragement."

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## THE WORLD AND ITS WAYS









KING CARLOS, OF PORTUGAL, who was Assassinated with the CROWN PRINCE, and QUEEN AMELIE, who Escaped.

### Regicide at Lisbon.

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Regicide at Lishon.

The terrible news of the assassination of the King and the Crown Prince of Portugal, has sent a thrill of horror throughout the civilised world. This deed is the climax to a series of minor plots which almed at the overthrow of the Monarchy, and the establishment of a Republic. For some time past Portugal has been in a state of farment, owing to the stern measures taken by the Premier to cleanse the country from corruption and graft. He persuaded King Carlos to consent to the suppression of newspapers, the proclimation of martial law, the prohibition of public meetings, and all sorts of subversions of the Constitution. As a result, popular indignation was a rosted, and some of the more violent of the Republican Prity determined on desperate measures to obtain redress of their grievances. The late King's youngest son, Manuel, has been proclaimed as the new ruler, but just how matters will work out is at present uncertain.

### New Sultan for Morocco.

New Sultan for Morocco.

Mulai Hafill bas been proclaimed Mulai Hafill bas been proclaimed Listen at Fez in place of Abdul Aziz. This is due more to a nationalist movement them to any organised plots. Not long ago Mulai Abdul Aziz wrote to the ulema of Fez, asking whether, in case any Moslem sovereign's power became so weakened that he was unable to reassert his authority, foreign Christian troops might be called upon to ald him. The ulema replied that such a state of affairs revealed the fact that the sovereign had lost the confidence of the people, and he had, therefore, no claim to consider himself the accepted ruler of the country. The Suttan tried to bribs the ulema to return an adlet in his favour, but on this becoming known to the people, they immediately held a meeting, in which it was decided to depose Abdul Aziz and invite Mulai Hafid to accept the chroma. It is expected that every trihe and town in Northern Morocco will shortly proclaim the new Sultan.

### A Diamond Maker in Gaol.

A Diamond Maker in Gaol.

A trial of rather an unusual character is now in progress in Paris, France, in which a French engineer named Lemoine and a South African magnate are the principal figures. In 1995 Lemoine succeeded in convincing the magnate that he had discovered the secret of the manufacture of diamonds, and obtained large smins of money from him for the purpose of carrying on experiments. A test eventually took place in the presence of the magnate, a crucible being placed in a furnace made white hot by electricity. After some time the crucible was withdrawn, and Lemoine drewout a diamond. The magnate, believing that he were being impaced upon, if and in the presence of experts. Lemoine

refused, saying that under those conditions his secret would be stolen from him, as he would be obliged to reveal his formula. In the end, heing of opinion that he had been the victim of a clever swindle, the magnatulodiged a complaint with the police, and Lemorne was mrested. The case is puzzling the magistrates.

### A Challenge to manufacturers.

A Challenge to manufacturers.

At Johannesburg recently Lord Selborne presented the trophy for the best stope drill, won by the Gordon drill. His Excellency said that, whatever night be the results of future experience, the success of the Gordon drill was a great step in the development of mining machinery. He hepped that the drills would prove durable and economical. The reproach that the leaders of the mining industry were careless, indifferent and backward in searching for mechanical appliances to take the place of crude labour, was, in his opinion, never deserved. A challenge was thrown out to the world's manufacturers, by Mr. Revershach, to produce a perfect drill by January 1st, 1999. He guaranteed fair treatment and a prize of \$5,000 for the best instrument.

### Lionor Trade in India.

Criders have recently been issue; by the Indian Government dealing with the number, focation and ficensing of biquor shops, and the conditions under which liquor is to be soid. A maximum and a minimum number of shops for each municipality or rural area is approved. The Government says that, while it is impossible to lay aside its own responsibility for fixing the number and position of shops, it would be giad to see local opinion consulted more systematically than at present. Local committees are to be set up for the purpose of giving effect to the declaration. Arrangements are also to be made for notifying effect to the declaration. Arrangements are also to be made for notifying romosel, sites, with the object of ascertaining any local objections to them in advance. The Government has also directed that shops shall be closed at 9 o'clock nt night or earlier, that liquor shall not be sold to children or intoxicated persons, or without special sanction, to soldlers, police, or radiway servants on duty, and that no more than a specified quantity of liquor shall be supplied to any one family. It is a good step, but prohibition would be one better.

### The Famine in India,

Measures for the relief of the sufferers by famine in India are being actively taken by the Government. In the United Provinces toere are one hundred thousand persons on the relief works, and over sixty-eight thousand in receipt of gratuitous roller. The area is which rollef measures are required is extending, but, owing partly to demand for labour and partly to promptitude with which measures

the CROWN PRINCE, and QUEEN AM were taken at the outset, signs of distress that usually accompany wide-spread fumine have not appeared in marked form. In Central India the numbers on relief works nre 46,843, while 3,045 are in receipt of charity, while 3,045 are in receipt of charity. In the Central Provinces the distress is not yet severe, and it has not been found necessary to open relief works, but ample employment is being provided to meet slackening of the demand for agricultural labour, that ordinarily occurs at this time of the year. The total number of persons in receipt of State relief throughout the whole of India is now 223,782. Quite a formidable army. Prices continue high, and dearness of food is much feit everywhere.

### Icebergs in the Thames.

Icebergs in the Thames.

The River Thames in Eugland recently presented a very outlous sight, and one which is very selfom seen. From the early morning, when the tide hegan to recede, until late in the day, when it rose again, blocks of Ice came floating with the stream from the higher reaches of the river. All day people crowded the bridges and the Embantyment to watch the miningture icebergs floating down amongst the shipping. There was no impediment to the general traffic, but come larges which had heen laid up close to the banks overnight were caught in the ice-floe and held fast. The men in charge of the smaller cruft did all that was possible to keep the blocks floating seawards and away from the vessels, so us to limit their danger as much as they could. The staging erected for the widening of Blacktriars' bridge was lee-bound, the tide in its recession having piled up tiers of ice to the height of about fifteen feet.

#### Collapse of Diamond Industry.

Collapse of Diamond Industry.

Owing to the financial stringency in America, the diamond parties has completely collapsed, and the great South African producing companies, DeBeers and the Premier, have been considering the question of limiting the output while diamonds remain practically unsaleable. The men best qualified to judge entertain no doubt that with caution and cooperation the industry will recover from the crisis. In the meantime the temporary failure has a serious hearing on the public finances of the Transvaal, since the State is the principal partner in the industry in that Colony.

### New Chinese Railway.

Rew Chinese Kailway.

Railway construction is making headway in China, and toe final contract for the Tlen-tsin-Yang-tsze main line was signed recently by the Chinese Government and the representatives of the German-Asiatic Bank and of the British and Chinese Corporation. An Imperial Edlet, sanctioning the contract, has also been issued. There will be a German and a British por-

tion of the fine, and, roughly, twothirds of the capital will be German
and one-third British, in proportion to
the respective lengths of the sections.
The construction and control are entirely vested in the Chinese Government, with European chief engineers,
applointed by the Chinese to advise out
construction, and European and British
groups to watch over the interests of
the bond-holders. The Chinese recognise that such favourable terms have
never been obtained before, nor such
a clear admission of Chine's claim to
control her railways without foreign
interference.

### Heartless Women Usurers.

Heariless Women Usurcrs.

Recent Investigations in London, England, have brought to light the existence of a band of women usurers, who have a large percentage of the poor of London in their power, and extort interest from them averaging up to 900 per cent. In one case a charwoman has already padd \$1,050 om a foan of \$105, and still owes the principal. One woman, who committed suicide, had paid back \$15 of an original loan of \$3.50, and when steed suicide, had paid back \$15 of an original loan of \$3.50, and when steed suicide had paid the \$15 of an original loan of \$3.50, and when steed suicide, had paid took \$15 of an original loan of \$3.50, and when steed suicides and significant of the principal. The police have discovered that hundreds of womea thrive on the misfortune and ignorance of the poor started ogainst them, and it is to be hoped that many will be put in prison,

### Uniust Judges.

Unjust Judges.

The action of the Californian Court of Appeal in setting aside the conviction of ax-Meyor Schmitz, of Sau Francisco, inas created nn intense and most painful sensation, and the cause of reform in the United States has suffered the most scrious set-back in the recent rhistory of that country, seimiltz, it will be remembered, was convicted of sharing money which Abraham Ruef had extorted from French restaurants. The Court gave the extraordinary judgment that Ruef, in obtaining "fees" from the restaurants, was guilty of no crime, even though he djiviled the feea with Schmitz. Schnitz was therefore discharges agoinst the two men, but the chances are that body will obtain their liberty.

One managraph of the Court's description of the Court's description. liberty.

liberty.

One paragraph of the Court's decision practically says that it is no crime to blackmail the proprietor of, a sulcon, since there is "grave doubt" waether a license is property. This is truly a queer twisting of the law.

Think what it means to know that as we walk about this world there is one beside us whom we cannot see, but whom wo know; whose eyes rest upon us, whose heart beats upon us, whose love is ours.

## TURES AND PARAGRAPHS 💸 🕸



### Greenbacks Instead of Lead.

Till shoot you if you ever come any-where near my house," shouted a man to two Army Officers as they were out visiting one day. Not wishing to get a doso of lead in their bodies, the Officers avoided the man's house, for they knew that he was quite capable of putting his threat into execution if he got into a rage. They prayed for him, however, but only seemed to hear the man's enmity more and more. Every time he passed their openair meeting he would loudly curse them, and repent bis threat. One day, however, a very changed man walked up to the Officer and offered him a roll of bills as a donation to The Army work. The Holy Spirit had come upon the man in answer to the prayers of the Officers, and from that time he swore and threatened no more, but did his best to help along the work of God.

### It Opened Her Eyes.

A Salvation Army Captain took as his text one night, "Trust in the Lord and do good," The address he gave upon it very much impressed a young lady who attended nn Army meeting

for the first time.

Next day the Contain was surprised to find a big basket at the Quarters door. On opening it he found it contained all manner of good things to eat, while a little note lay on the top.

It read thus:

"Bear Cantain—Your address last

read thus:—
'Dear Captain,—Your address last

"Dear Captain.—Your address last night chened my eyes. For a long time I have trusted in the Lord, but I have not been very active in doing good. I nim naking a start now, and mean to do better in the future."

She kept her word, for every week a basket found its way to the Quarters. She evidently considered it as part of her duty to help support the Officer who had been such a blessing to her, and, no doubt found many other menns of doing good.

### In the Drunkard's Parlour.

In the Brunkard's Parlour.

"Can I go in this room, too?" asked the Army Officer with a bundle of War Crys under her arm.

The proprietor of the saloon, although engaged in the liquor business, was a large-hearted man, but replied, "No, I don't want you to go in there."

"We-li, it's rather a dangerous place for anyone to go in. Those fellows are mostly full up."

However, the Officer finally gained entrance, and instead of receiving curses and insults from the drunken mob, each one bought a Cry—some nt a quarter each—and treated the Officer with the utmost respect.

"The proprietor asked the Salvation-is why she was not afraid when she was in the "Drunkard's Parlour." She replied, "I took Jesus with me. He inkes care of me wherever I go."

### Away from His Wife.

Thile stationed in the West, a well-wn Canadian Officer was called her door ope day by a man, o, with tears in his eyes, said



Captains Thompson and Duckworth. Second row,-Ensign Meader and Lieutenant Lewis

lie wanted to sign the temperance pledge. His wife in the Old Land knew nothing of the terrible drinking habit which he had contracted since his arrival in Cannda a few years back, but now, in a way quite unexplained, he felt burdened in his soul. His first thoughts were for The Salvation Army. He had often heard their pleadings in the openair, and to their Barracks be declied to go. "Come in," said the Officer; and after a little enruest talk, the may got down on his knees, and cried io God for pardon and power to keep him from the accursed stuff. He never needed a pledge after that; God's Word and his own implicit trust did as well, and to-day he is a true Soldler of Jesus.

### Fire Led Him to Christ.

"Before my conversion," said a man in an Army meeting recently, "I was a very bad one. I was a whiskey seller, and I did not care one bit for all the good people were trying to do. But one day God brought me to my senses by burning the saloon right out. From that day I've never sold or touched a drop of strong drink, but I turned to the Look, sought. His salvation, and am to-day simply a sinher saved by grace."

### What About Mother?

A young man who had evidently rtaken too freely from the "spark-ling glass," knocked at the door of the Officers' Quarters in a little Caus-

"I want to help The Army," he said,

in straggling tones. "I know you are doing a good work, and I want to help you."
The Officer asked him in, and for a few minutes talked to him as regards bis awful position.
"And what about your peor old mo-ther?"

"And what about your poor old mother?"
"Oh don't; don't speak about my mother," he broke in, "I've left herso long now, and it makes me feel sad when I think of her."
'the Officer knelt and prayed with him for some time, and although he did not profess to find salvation, a great change was noticeable from that thue. As he rose from his knees, he pulled a ten-dollar bill from his pocket and gave it to the Officer, and so satisfied his desire to help The Army at least.

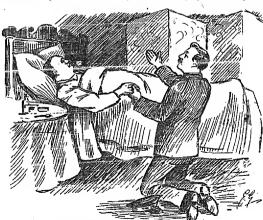
### The Dying Saloon-Keeper.

A lady called upon the Captain of a certain Ontario Corps once and asked him to go and visit a saloon-keeper who was dying. The Captain hurried off to the place, and found that the man was sinking fast. Mortilication had already set in, and he was in a very weak and dazed condition. The Captain sank on his knees by the bed-side and prayed fervently for the soul about to pass into ciernity, all upprepared to meet food. The dying man muttered something, and the Captain bent low to catch the woords.

"Oh, sir," he heard: "every glass I

"Oh, sir," he heard; "every glass I sold I felt I was damning my own soul and raining the soul of the man I sold

"Repent of your sins," said the Captain. God will forgive. He par-doned the dying thief. Repent and



"He Felt a Gentle P essure of His Hand."



We'll Just Have The Army Here."

believe ere you pass away into dark-

believe ere you pass away into darkness forever."

The man was now so weak that he could not speak, but the Captain urged him to press his hand if he really believed that Christ: received him hid His roid. He felt a gentle pressure of his hand, and then the saloon-keeper's soul had field. Saved in the eleventh hour—but, oh! what a warning to others not to tamper with an unaoly business.

### The Policeman had His Say.

The Revival Campaign was in full swing in one of our Canadian etties, and whilst a rousing openair meeting was being conducted by the two women Officers, a man, known to be a terrible sceptic, pushed his way into the ring, and cried out in a harsh, mocking voice, that he would show The Army they were wrong and untrue. This was too much for a policeman, who had been quietly watching the proceedings, and taking hold of the man by the arm, he thrust him back in the crowd, saying, as he did so, "Look you here, we'll just have The Salvastion Army, that's all. Kou're not going to try and undo all the good that has been done, see!"

The man said no more, but received the retort with no small surprise.

### Testing Our Religion.

How often do we consider that the many taunts hurled at us. and the many petty persecutions to which we are subjected, are more often than not intended to test the reality of our religion? The world is watching Christian people and the way in which we take affronts has a very great effect on the unsnved. The following incidents will illustrate this. Before the present Stuff-Captain Miller was converted the worked for a man who called himself a child of God. Young Miller had a very high ideal of what a Christian ought to be, though he knew that he was far from being one himself. One day he determined to test this elder of the church, and find out the quality of his religion. He made a most obvious mistake, therefore in his work one day, and the engaged elder rushed at him like a mad dog, threatening to kick him.

"Well, you're a dandy Christian," calmiv said young Miller, and from that time be bedn't much use for his master's religion. Later on The Salvation Army opened fire in the town, and one of Miller's chums got truly converted. Young Miller made up his mind to test this young man also, and so he made fun of him unmercifully. The other kept his temper, and when the fun was over, he tackled his tormentor nhout his own soul, and spoke such kind and loving words that Miller hung his head in shame. A few days afterwards he gnve his heart to God.

Which man do you think, dear readers, manifested the Solitt of Christ?

to God.

Which man do you think, dear readers, manifested the Spirit of Christ?

Every leader should earnestly seek the experience that feels a grent sense of Divine upiliting, as though the in-finite tenderness of God folded him round, and in his soul is the shall as-surance that he is doing the work God has for him to do, and will be lost and sustained in it.

Don Carlo gal, was tal not quite fo been king fo exceedingly other acco

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### Personalities.

Don Carlos, the late King of Portugal, was tall, stout, and fair. He was not quite forty-five years old, and had been king for nioeteen years. He was exceedingly versatile, adding to his other accomplishments considerable ability as a sculptor, an artist, a pastel drawer, and a paioter. His linguistic skill was great, for he read no fewer than seven languages, and could speak most of them also. He was a grandnephew of the late Queen Victoria's mother. Queen Victoria used to address him as my dear nephew.

The Crown Prince was not yet twenty-one when he met his death. In Britain he became a general fav-ourite during his visit at the time of the king's coronation, six years ago. His good looks and his charming manner so won the heart of Queen Alexandra that it is said she pleaded with King Edward to bestow the Order of the Garter upon the lad. He thus had the distinction of being the only per-son who ever received the Garter at the early age of fifteeu.

0 Manuel II., the new King of Portugal, is nineteen years old. King Edward bas commanded the British Court to go into mourning for four The German Emperor has dipocted that his Court should go into monrning for three weeks.

The Chief of the Staff conducted a remarkable meeting with the Kent-ish Soldiery at Chatham recently. About seven hundred assembled to hear him, and received much blessing and inspiration.

Major Gundersen, until recently in the Field Department at the Christiama Headquarters, has been promoted to the rank of Brigadier, and appoluted as General Secretary in Norway.

The Brigadicr, who is a Norweglan, has done sixteen years' service as an Officer, both on Field and Staff work. 53

In the latest Indian War Cry to hand, our old friend Lieut.-Colonel Akbar (Horn) has been giving his "First Impressions of India." He

"in' a country like Canada, warm clothing is very essential, in packing up, many garments which had yielded comfort were turned over looked at, and then with a sigh, laid to one side to be disposed of; a few, however, having endeared themselves by association, found their way into the macking cases—not without protest from the majority. My wife, our little children and your humble servant, congratulate ourselves hecause or this little remnant, for while I am writing this I am sitting beside a grate-fire, wrapped up in a great coat; but while we are somewhat uncom-fortable just now, with the cold, I believe that in the greater part of this country the same effect is produced by the opposite of mother nature's elements."

Is Indie like that, eh? We should like to have Brigadier Southall's "First Impressions" of climate. For the comfort of the dear comrades who have lately left us, we will say, that on looking from the office window, sky is pure cohait, perfectly fleckless; great shafts of golden sunshine slant across the Editorial floor and it is twenty below zero out-

### Promoted Comrades.

Victims of Coal Gas-Tragic End to Remance-Hundreds Line Route to Cemetery-Brothers Lowered Into Frost-Bound Graves



VERY sad fatality ocurred at Toronto Juncion on January 25th. vhen two of our Soldlers met their death under

particularly distressing circumstances. Sergeant James Pellatt and his brother Willie were missed from the meetiogs on Sunday, so some friends went to discover the reason, and to their horror they found the elder brother lying dead on the floor, and the younger lnd gasping for breath on a lounge. Both had been overcome by the fumes of gas from the stove. Medical aid was summoned,, but nothing could he done, and in a few bours Willie breathed his last. Captain Jones was with him to the end, and on asking him if Jesus was precious to him, a heavenly smile of peace lit up his face, and trying to gasp out "yes," he relapsed into unconsciousness.

Brother Pellatt was a great admirer of the War Cry, and a very successful oomer; during the last week of his life on earth, he sold 115 coules

The following touching account of the fuoeral was written by a reporter of the Torooto Evening "Telegram:"-

of the Torooto Evening "Telegram:"—
"The frost-hound earth of Prospect Cemetery was opened yesterday to receive into its cold embrace the caskets which contained the houles of James and William Pellatt, the brothers, whose lives were tragleally cut off last Monday by poisonous coal gas, James was but 26 years of 'age, his hrother a lad of 15. The two caskets were conveyed to the little Hall on Herhert Street, where a stmple hut strangely impressive service was conducted by members of The Salvation Army. Two of their comrades were dead and they mourned their loss. Long hefore the hour appointed for the service had arrived the little building was crowded with sad-faced men and women who spoke in whispers. At two o'clock the caskets were carried in and placed near the platform—a solemn husb falling over the sorrowing friends as the bodies passed down the asset.

Bible On Coffin.

### Blble On Coffin.

Bible On Coffin.

On each casket a simple wreath had been laid. You see, they were almost strangers in a strange land. On that of the elder brother and comrade, his well-worn Bible rested—a silent testimony unto the life he had lived. They were Soldiers, were these two, James having served his Master night and day; the boy following closely in his footsteps. The silver trumpet hand yas there, and the flag of 'Blood and Fire' drooped at balf-mast bound with white ribbon. On the arms of the comrade pnil-hearers too, there was a circlet of snowy ribbon. Ail else was plain, the people lowly, the grief sincere. The taces or strong men were drawn and white, those of the women stained by tears.

Canada At Last!

### Canada At Last?

From the first, and until the actual day of the trägedy, the experiences of the two brothers were not unique. Two years ago, the elder of the two, strong in hody, heelthy in mind, Godfearing in heart, bade his loved ones good-hye, and filled with the fancies common among dwellers in the old land, he braved the terrors of the mighty deep. As the days possed hy, the land of his hirth receded—Canada the land of promise, drew nigh. He landed, as thousands of other Englishmen have landed, buthing over with hope and confidence for the future. His task was hard, but he faced it bravely, and as time went on, his inbours showed promise of reward. In his work for God he never thred. His enthuskasm in the work of saving souls made him peculiar—eccentric," one speaker called it yesterday. But From the first, and until the actual

that was only a human characteristic. His spirit communed daily with the Author of all wisdom and his work prospered.

Time went on, and the sanctified love of a woman's heart was hestowed upon him, and the foundation of a little home laid. Into it he was to lead his bride. Hand-in-hand they were to face the uphill work of life. But a cruel fate intervened; and, in the fatal guise of poisonous gas, it choked the life out of James Peliatt, and broke a young girl's heart.

#### Brother Arrived.

Before the tragic ending came, however, the bright-faced little hrother arrived, taden with sweet news from



Sergeant James Pellatt

the Old Land; eager in his innocence to take his place at the side of the brave man who had achieved so much and belp in the upward struggle. With open arms the elder brother welcomed the lad to Canada, and together they shared the fruits of the elder's lahour. The parents were to come in the Spring.

The parents were to come a spring.

"Will, was a faithful little Soldier," saul Captain Joues, with trembling lips, and was to have heen a Cadet. His pupers were all made out, and he was so happy about it."

Here she paused for an instant tears blinded ner eyes, but through the windows of her mind she could see a tragic scene.

"On Monday," she went bravely on, we were at Will's hedside looking anon that painful battle for life. And

"On Monday," she went bravely on, "we were at Will's bedside, looking upon that painful battle for life. And a comrade leaned over the little chap and said to him. Will, is Jesus precious to you mow? On, how he was sufferiog! He tried hard to speal, but his lips were sealed. A faint smile was his only answer."

And, while they watched, the same cruch hand that had seized the eller brother—the same inscrutable fate, laid said-sin hold upon the gasping laid and bore files spirit into the great beyond. Life, youth, joy, and amhitton reduced to clay.

### Ready to Go.

Ready to Go.

The sweet-voiced Captain Jones rejoiced to know that both had been ready to meet God. She had never met a Solder more willing and ready to do the work of the Master than James Pellatt. And with choking voice she told of the little boy standing up last Saturday night, and declaring in his manful little manner that "I want to live for God." "He did live for God," said the speaker, "and is now with God." "Ameu!" "Praise the Lord," came up from bowed heads in the congregation.

Bravely did the Principal of The Army Training College berin the service, as voice raised in heautiful supplication to the Throne of Grace; while on their knees the people sang of the far-off home, 'away from corrow and where the angels wear crowns of light."

It was wonderful. It was a dirge coming up from saddened hearts.

"Gnly two weeks ago," said the Principal, "and they both stool on the platform. To-day they are in His presence; already they have heard the words, 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant.' The voices are still, but the lives speak to us. Only last Saturday night our brother testified to Christ. To-day he is in glory."

"Sweeping through the gates of the New Jerusalem, Washed in the Blood of the Lamb."

And the voices—at least those not choked by sohs—rose and fell as the hymn progressed.
"He wanted to die in harness," said Brother Ford, "and he did so."

#### Earth to Earth.

Earth to Earth.

At the close of the service the Band played a solemn requiem, and the crowds watched the cashets borne to the walting hearses. A procession was formed, the way helug led by the comrade who hore the flag. The Silver Band, playing that beautiful evening hyan, "Abide with me," which so well typlics the closing hours of life, came next; then the two hearses and mourning coaches. Hundreds of sympathetic citizens lined tho route to the cemetery. So waro is the luman heart that the rigors of a Canadian winter day hold no terrors for the boly.

ary. And into the snow-clad carth they lowered them.

### OUT ON THE HIGHWAYS.

The Staff Band at Bowmanville.

In the teeth of a flerce blizzard, the Staff Band arrived in Bowmanville. Zero weather and huge snow banks made open-alr work impossible, so the Band had to be content with indoor fighting. A two-mile sleigh ride hrought the party to the Barracks.

Ensign Rock had made excellent ar-rangements for the comfort of the hoys, and was full of expectation for Howell felt. week-end. Colonel the very much at bome, as this was his fourth Corps after he came into The Army many years ago, and many sweet memorles came back to him Army again.

The storm on Saturday night kept most of the people indoors, but ou Sunday they came in increased numbers to every meeting, and judging from the hearty invitation given to Major Morris and the Band, turn in the near future, they thoroughly appreciated the music.

His Worship the Mayor kindly presided at the afternoon festival, and at night, Colonel and Mrs. Howell both gave forceful appeals to the people to seek a Saviour from all sin. At the close of the day, we were gladdened with six souls kneeling at the mercy sent.-Drummer.

### NEW ZEALAND INEBRIATES

#### An Island Colony.

Arrangements are well advanced for the opening of The Army's Island Colony, New Zealand, and the subsequent reception of the inebriates; for which the Colony is being pre-

A small launch has already been secured, This will ply hetween the Island and the City of Auckland.

Recently a party of twenty-five influential gentlemen visited the Institution. Amongst the number were the Mayor, Police Magistrates, Inspector of Police, the Governor of the Prison, Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce, and Press Representatives.

The venture is creating considerable interest in New Zealand, and will undoubtedly develop into one of our most useful Institutions in the Dominica.

### WAR CRY

RINTED for Tuomas B. Coombs. Commissioner of the Sal-vation Army in Canada, Newfoundland, Hermuda, and Alaska, by the Salvation Army Printing House, et Albert St.,

All amouscript to be written in ink or by typewriter, in side of the paper only. Write name and address RY, contributes for publication in a seguination of 1 HH WA should be addressed to THE FIDTOR, S. A. Temple, Toront quatters referring to subscriptors, Generate and change firsts, to the Tride Secretary. All Cheques, Post Office and public to Thomas R. Combridge spress Orders should be made puzzlo to Thomas R. Combridge to the Combridge of the Combridge press Orders should be made puzzlo to Thomas R. Combridge to the Combridge of the Combridge to the Combridge of the Combridge to the Combrin to the Combridge to the Combridge to the Combridge to the C

### Comments on 🗈 Current Matters.

A STORY AND A MORAL

The more speedly the Thaw case is allowed to sink into oblivion the There are, however, a few aspects about this sordly affair which nt, in a very barbed fashion, very stiff morals one of which is that art is a very rotten reed to lean upon for the formation of character. are those who pin all their faith upon the elevating tendencles of art, and speak glibly of its induence upon the asses. But there is art and art, and while we yield to no one in our ad miration of the depiction of the beautiful and the true, we cannot ignore the fact that amongst the chiefest devotees of so-called art of late years have been those whose vile lives have disgusted humanity. Of such was one of the principal participants in the Thaw episode. Considerable mention was made in the trial of a certain pleture in connection with the ruin of the girl, and there is no doubt that prurient pictures have been made to play a great part in the evil work of undermining morality. This brings us to the thought we have in mind that those who look to art alone to elevate the character lean upon a broken reed, it will pierce the hand that leans upon it, and that nude art should be shunned like the devil. Society has no use for the nude. Granted that there are no tints like flesh tints; these reach the lovellest state in the human countenance; that no lines are so symmetrical as the human form; these lines lose nothing by being draped. Look not then on the prurient picture, and shun form of art, no matter how skilfully executed, that you would care to show to a silver-haired mother. A change of heart, not a picture on the wall, is the great cause of moral conduct,

#### SIN'S PENALTIES.

There is another point: no position can make the evil-doer exempt from the nenalties of his wrong-doing. A manderous death for one; the madhouse for the other, and shameful publicity for another, was the por-tion of these evil-doers. And yet two em had all that wealth could do for them. But their memory is now rank with shame. This is the case in general with all who broak the commands of God. The wicked shall not ze unnunished.

### A DEED OF HORROR.

All Christendom has been horrified with the tragedy recently enacted in Lisbon, when the King and Crown were foully assassinated. is another example of the truth of the Hne—"Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown," and we should think that kings of Latin nations have more cause to be fearful than almost any other, for certain it is that the natives of Southern Europe have an unenviable notoriety in this connection. Anarchy, and red revolution are political diseases engendered by con-



THE POINT OF VIEW.

The Out-of-Work.—"You're all right for the children, Mr. Snow, but what about us workers? You stop almost everything! It is hard on us. I shall be glad to see you go.

ditions that make for the misery of the masses. Ignorance and oppression are the sires of assassination. What is wanted, therefore, is not so much the calling out of military, and the manufacture of the weapons of warfare, as the diagnosing of the nanation's sickness, and the passing of such laws as shall make for liberty of conscience and freedom of honest action. Wherever man can worship God in his own way, and elect his temporal law-makers, as a rule there is security and contentment,

### HARD ON THE POOR.

The excessive cold and beavy snowfalls that the country has been experlending recentiv has quickly brought into prominence the needs of those who, during the winter, find their occupation gone. The snow. their occupation gone. while it perhaps makes work for a certainly tie up the hulk of human industries, and especially is this the case during the present financial depression. The generosity, both private and municipal, that the temcorary distress has called forth has been very marked, and we think that in Toronto, the Board of Control, in allocating a stantial sum and making three hodies with the most efficient organisation their almoners, each hody to minister to a clearly defined section of the community-has adopted a very wise policy, inasmuch as, if each confine themselves to their allotted district. this system prevents over-lapping—a great desideratum in such a matter. By means of its Corps, its Homes, its Social Institutions, The Salvation Army is doing a good work in relieving distress.

We have had the joy of seeing five souls start Heavenward at Stellarton. They are getting on well. Major Morehen visited us last Friday, and dedicated the Infant of Captain and Mrs. Wadge to God and The Army. He also commissioned the Local Officers and gave them some fatherly advice. Staff-Captain Jennings and Adjutant Cornish were also with us.-

### **India's Famine Peril**

### WIDESPREAD DISTRESS IN POORER DISTRICTS.

ARMY OPENS RELIEF FUND.

Though not as yet officially recognized certain districts of India, owing to the fallure of the autumn crops, are already in the grip of want, while over others the dreaded famine cloud hancs with nortentous nearness.

In the Territories where The Salvation Army is at work and which are affected by the distress, there is a population of some forty millions. These districts include Gujerat and West India, Marathl, the Punjah, and North India. In some of them the misery is as acute as it has been any time during the past twenty years.

Commissioner Fakir Singh (Booth-Tucker) in reports to international Headquarters, gives graphic details of the lamentable and alarming condi-tion of things. "The prospects,", he says, "seem truly appalling. After a good beginning, there has been a sudden and total failure of the monsoon in the Puniah. United Provinces. Central India, and to a less degree in Gujerat and the Marathi country. Food is already at famine Shipments of grain from Karachi have been practically stopped. Not only is the autumn crop in vast tracts a total fallure, but the Spring sowings have been prevented through the bardness of the ground.

"From hundreds of Corps plteoua appeals are already reaching us from our own Soldiers; and this is only the heginning. What It will be a little later, no one can imagine.'

The spread of the evil is unavoidable, for famine prices extend to the non-famine areas, as the grain mer-chants raise prices to prevent export of grain, and, of course, to make money. On this aspect of the mat-ter Lieut. Colonel Tel Singh (Frieds) writes:--

"At present the terrible faming which especially affects North India and the Eastern Punjah, in a severe manner, hinders us greatly in the

financing of our work. I have already heen compelled to give relief to our own Officers, who were quite unable to get along under the present excessive prices of food-stuffs, which in some places are four times as high as under ordinary conditions,"

Recognising the urgent need, and that the cry for help cannot be allowed to go unneeded, the Chief of the Staff decided to open an Indian Distress Fund. The Army has never in hist heen backward in coming to the akl of our great Dependency when over-taken by the columity of famine, and we are sure our Canadian comrades and friends will not only heartily approve of the Chief's action, but generously respond to his appeal. Those whose sympathies go out for the 300 inhabitants of India, and would like to contribute assistance to this fund, should send their donation to Commissioner Coombs, The Temple, James and Albert Streets. Toronto. marked "Indian Distress Fund."

### The General in Ireland.

The General's visit to Ireland has been exceedingly successful. There was intense enthusiasm occasioned by The General's presence, and at Belfast, 206 sought the Saviour.

At Lurgan The General received 2 municipal welcome. The following touching message was sent by The General to the British War Cry:-

What a stirring place Ireland ls! Whether you touch her Government, her politics, or her religion, she rouses the soul to its depths. She does so with me.

Oh, what possibilities ile hidden in the besom of this interesting land! Saved through the Blood, and bap-tised by the Holy Ghost, she will shake the world.

I love and long after Ireland!-Wliliam Booth.

We had a glorious time at Chatham on Sunday. Three souls sought the Lord.—A. Gough, for Captain and Mrs. Morrett.

Commissio Coc IN WEST

THREE MEETIN AUDITORIU

The dail Visited Presided at Lea son (Methodist) can), Hamilton Part — Great T LO

Our train was owing to a very h interfered very m

The Saturday held in the Audite a and was very sidering the includer. The "Betl service was given gether with the and the Commissi o profound impre ence, numbers be Sunday Morning.

The meeting w Staff-Captal had the joy of tal air service previo it was zero wentl Lieur -Colonel i

opening song. ung, and after b hlessing on the Morris and the v "Following Jesus,

The General's diers, which had

our hearts, was t forceful and con-heart and life wa The Jail.

Accompanied b and the League pleasure of cond this institution. respected by the associates for its prisoners. There us all told. The there, and made felt. The prison in their singin thémselves anxio life. We tender! the care of Hin

Sunday Afternoon The Auditorium

ing, centrally los cold kept a good quite a crowd, r to hear our Com warm place in t -in partic A solo, "Will 7

my Crown ?" na leader's Bible re his audience with great power. Th God moved upor solemn hugh fel as they were ple der to the claim Sunday Night,

The "Bethleher as repeated, n of the hundreds and hear. It w The Commission most powerful of hare, the Holy S upon them. We being brought to a young woman (Continue

## Coombs IN WEST ONTARIO.

THREE MEETINGS HELD IN THE AUDITORIUM, LONDON.

The dail Visited -- Mayor Peterson Presided at Learnington—Revs. Wil-son (Methodist), Edmunds (Angli can), Hamilton (Presbyterian), Took Part — Great Time at Windsor.

LONDON.

Our train was several hours late, owing to a very heavy snow-fail, which interfered very much with traffic.

The Saturday night meeting was held in the Auditorium of the Y. M. C. A, and was very well attended, considering the inclemency of the wez-ther. The "Bethlehem to Calvary" service was given. The pictures, to-gether with the special songs sung, and the Commissioner's address, made a profound impression upon the audience, numbers heing much moved,

Sunday Morning.

The meeting was held in the Cita-Stoff-Cantain Morris and myself had the joy of taking part in the open air service previous to this, although it was zero weather.

Lieut Colonel Sharp lined out the opening song, which was heartily sung, and after he had invoked God's hlessing on the gathering, Stan-Capt. Morris and the writer sang,

"Following Jesus, Ever, Day hy Day." The General's Message to his Soldiers, which had the effect of stirring

our hearts, was read.
The Commissioner's address was forceful and convincing. Holiness of heart and life was set forth.

The Jail.

Accompanied by Adjutant Williams and the League of Mercy, I had the nleasure of conducting a meeting in this institution. The Army is much respected by the Governor and his associates for its work among the prisoners. There were nearly fifty of us all told. The Master Himself was there, and made His sweet presence felt. The prisoners were most hearty in their singing. Five expressed themselves anxious to live the better life. We tenderly committed them to care of Him who died to save

Sunday Afternoon.

The Auditorium is a heantiful building, centrally located. The severe cold kept a good many away, however, quite a crowd, mostly men, gathered to hear our Commissioner, who has a warm place in the hearts of his own people in particular.

A selo, "Will There be any Stars in my Crown ?" paved the way for our leader's Bible reading. He carried his audience with him, and spoke with great power. The truth went in, and God moved upon the conscience. solemn hash feil upon the assembly as they were pleaded with to surrender to the claims of their Saviour.

Sunday Night.

The "Bethlehem to Calvary" service was repeated, much to the pleasure of the hundreds who gathered to see and hear. It was a grand moeting. Commissioner's message was a most powerful one. Hearts were laid hare, the Holy Spirit working mightily pon them. We rejoiced over souls teing brought to God. The first was a young woman coming from the gal-(Continued on page 11.)

## Commissioner and Mrs. HELPING THE HOMELESS.

### How Unemployed Men in Toronto are Helped at a Pinch.

LEFT OFF CLOTHES A BOON TO POOR BARGAIN HUNTERS.

HE Salvage Department, which has been created hy the Commissioner to meet the needs of emergency cases of distress, is in fuli swing, and wili

he a veritable hoon to several classes of the indigent

Perhaps there is no class of poor who suffer so much physical hardship as the single man who is "down and

The married out-of-work, although he may have little mouths to feed, has a home, a shelter. Insufficient though it he, yet it is better than nothing. But the homeless man who has neither money nor friends has nothing. He has to tramp the streets all night, or seek what shelter he may find.

There are comparatively few of this class in Toronto, but still there are some, and the Saivage Works are designed to meet their case. The accommodation is alresdy nearly tak-en up, and will soon have to be in-

lt meets another class. Ciothes will wear out in winter as well as summer; there are also household requisites, such as stoves, etc., that are indis The Salvation Army Salpensible. vage Works will enable the poor to purchase these things cheaper than they dreamed of.

We will describe this institution, and how it helps the noor:

The premises, which were originally a factory, possess a very extensive boller for heating the Institution, under the charge of a marine fireman who found himself stranded in Toronto, and consequently found the Salvage a port in a storm.

This basement is also devoted to the paper-sorting, and provides employ-ment for a number of men, who would otherwise he foodless, and houseless, and workless.

The benevoient in Toronto who have large quantities of waste paper, would render great assistance to the dis-tressed by phoning for the Salvage waggon to come and take away their waste, as paper-sorting affords work which any unskilled man can he employed upon, and as will be readily imagined, those who are most in need are of the unskilled class.

On the next floor, are the sales-rooms, Fronting Queen Street, is a large space devoted chiefly to secondhand clothing. Here, almost at any hour of the day, may be found wan-icoking mothers hunting amongst the stacks of clothing for pants for Tommy, a frock for Lizzie, a great coat for father, and, let us hope, a dress for mother. We hope they get great hargains, for pretty certain it is, that if they don't get what they want at the Salvage Store, their purses will not admit of a visit to the city's Department stores.

The Army has at the present time, number of Officers employed in relief work, and when a deserving case in need of clothing is met with, the Officer gives the family a slip which when presented at the Salvage Insti-

tution, entities the hearer to a hundle of clothing, boots, ruhhers, etc., free of charge. In this way much practical relief is distributed at very little cost to deserving cases of distress.

Passing through a doorway, we em-erge upon a large floor, whereon is deposited in iong rows, stoves, tables, chairs, and hedsteads, and nli kinds of furniture, in almost every conceivable state of disrepair. Here certainly are hargains to he made. One end of the floor is fitted up as a joiner's shop, where the furniture is repaired. Here work men, either mending, or sorting the furniture, or sorting out left-off clothing. All came to The Army he-seeching temporary employment, hy which they could earn food and lodging to tide them over the Winter. In every case where possible, this was granted, and for the timely relief the men are most grateful.

On the third floor are located the sleeping and living rooms.

The sleeping room is a spacious apartment capable of accommodating thirty beds; at present there are twelve, the whole looking as fresh and sweet as new paint, clean linen, and white-wash can make it. The room is alry and well lighted.

Personni cleanliness is well catered Boths and wash basins are ample and inviting. The invntories are laid out on the most approved sanitary principles.

The kitchen is supplied with all that is necessary for good cooking, and the menu is sufficient and varied. The cook—an experienced man, prides himself on the changes he is able to give the men.

From the kitchen to the dining room, and thence to the smoking room Here, the men, when their work hours are finished, can sit and smoke and read. Amongst the waste paper there is a large assortment of period-ical literature, in addition to which they are supplied with The Army's publications

It will thus he seen, that hy the utilisation of the left-off stuff, which those who give are glad to get rld of, a lot of people are clothed, and a nun her of the class for which not much provision is made are housed, fed and

It is the aim of The Army, not only to feed and house the men, but to have them fully prepared in the way clothing, tools, etc., for work, when it shall he forthcoming.

The huilding, which has been taken on a lease, has cost \$2,000 to make leasant and suitable for the men to work and live iu, and three vans and teams have had to be purchased. It will thus he seen that a considerable outlay has been made, but the Commissioner hopes that the citizens of Toronto and the adjacent towns will come to the Army's help in this matter by expressing (carriage paid) parcels of clothing and other goods that can be disposed of. It is hoped to make the Institution self-supporting, and if there should he any surplus it wili go to our general Social Work,

Toronto citizens are requested to

let The Army knew either by post card or telephone, Main 6953, if they have waste material of any kind at their homes. If they have, The Army will call for it. Here's a list of what is desired: Ciothing, for men, women and children, furniture, stoves, rugs, vones, hottles, magazines, newspapers, junk of all kinds, food and groceries; in fact anything you don't need that's worth enring nwny.

Lieut - Colonel Pugnyire Secretary for Penitentiaries and Prisons, is in charge of the work, and he is assisted by Brigadier Thomas Collier, of the Men's Social Department, who has the Salvage under his especial care.

### Chief Secretary's Notes

The Commissioner has given a large amount of time and attention during the past week to the organisation of The Army's systematic Relief Work in Toronto; as we have, in conjunc-tion with the Cutholics and the House of Industry, been asked by the Mayor and City Authorities to investigate and relieve cases of distress within the city limits.

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Outside the city, the distress is heing relieved from funds raised by the Toronto "Giohe" and other newspapers, in the distribution of which The Army, ns well ns a number of Churches are assisting. There is also a great deal of good being done privately by churches and philanthropic societies, both within and outside of the city ilmits, so that although ewing to the prevailing financial stringency an unusually large number of people have been thrown out of work, the immediate wants of all are heing met, as they become

Our Snivage Department is at last in good working order after many un-foreseen delays. A number of men nre employed sorting and haling naper, repairing old furniture, etc., while three waggons and horses are aiready at work gathering up the stuff. We are also distributing quite n lot of eld clothing from this huilding during the prevailing distress.

Commissioner and Mrs. Coomhs expect to pay a short visit to England in the heginning of March, as the Commissioner has some important husiness to transact with The General, the Chief of the Staff and Foreign Secretary, which requires his prese London. We can expect our Leaders back again in Toronto, about the middle of April.

Mrs. Sowton and myself spent a good week-end at Owen Sound. We were assisted by Staff Captain Hay, the D. O., and had well attended meetings in spite of the stormy weather, and five souls at the Cross. On Monay morning we had our first experience of heing snowed-in and were unable to leave the city until Monday afternoon

**\$.0** That was a magnificent sight to see the Council Chamber last Wednesday evening, full of Toronto Bandsmen, and the Commissions's practical address was evidently ery helpful and much appreciated by them. A great united musical festival in the Massey Hall was one of the future plans the Commissioner mentioned at this meet-

Commissioner Howard, the Foreign Secretary, has returned to London, after conducting a vigorous Campaign in Scandinavia and Holiand.,

### Coomhs, The Temple, it Streets, Toronto, istress Fund." eneral in land.

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ous time at Shalham souls sought the for Captain and Mrs. -

## The Week-End's Despatches.

### The Gospe Chariot Rolls On, Despite Mr. Graham Speaks Well of The Army. Snow Storms and Fierce Colds.

Some Splendid Soul-Saving Work is Recorded in These Reports,

Major and Mrs. Green Have a Good Week-end.

Major and Mrs. Green visited Brantford on Friday, Saturday and Sunday On Friday a united Soldlers' tea was held, followed by a council with O. The Local Officers also had their siture, and were re-commission-

On Saturday a great public meeting was held, and on Sunday, right from knee-drill, in which one soul found knee-drill, in which one soul found pandon, the Spirit of God worked mightily. Ten souls knelt at the mercy seat in the hollness meeting. "We had a won-leful time," says the Adjutant. "The penitentform was lined with cornest, weeping seekers, who came out gulte voluntarily."

In the afternoon Mrs. Major Green held a beautiful meeting at the jail, and two women sought salvation. The Juniors and Corps Cadets were also met by the Major's wife.

At night the Victoria Hall was packed and after a splendid salvation meeting, ten souls claimed forgiveness. Cottage meetings are now being held every Monday night. On a recent occasion three persons found salva-War Crys are sold out, and our order is being increased. Brantford winning the victory on every hand. Halleluiah!

The indefatigable D. O. of the Hamilton Division and his equally energetic wife have been hustling around to many Corps during the past striking vic month, and report some tories and some stirring times.

At Barrie Mrs. Green gave her life story to a large and interested audi-

At Collingwood a splendid meeting was held, and twelve re-consecrations were made. Cautain Royle is doing at this place. Since the C. P. R. has shut down, he has found work for

A nice time was spent at Newman ket, and three came forward for solvation.

At Tillsonburg the Major related the story of his mother's death, and the crowd was moved to tears. Two souls sought the Savlour. Captain Boynton and Lieut. Price are on the move The Quarters have recently been improved at a cost of \$49.00.

On Sunday, January 19th, Halffax L enjoyed much of God's presence. A good number turned out for the knee drill, and when we wound up at night fifteen sours were found at the On the 26th Major Morehen visited us. Two souls obtained the blessing in the morning. In the afternoon the Major enrolled a number of recruits, and also commissioned the Local Officers and Bandsmen. The night meeting was very impressive.

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On Sunday afternoon twenty-seven Local Officers were commissioned at and seven Soldiers were enrolled. Eight souls knelt at the Cross in the night meeting. Prospects look bright for a good Winter's work.

STILL HUSTLING AT BRANTFORD. TWENTY-SECOND ANNIVERSARY.

Good Cheer and Music.

We have just had a real good time celebrating the 22nd anniversary of the S. A. in Springhill Mines. We the S. A. in Springhill Mines. were favoured with a visit from Major Phillips and Adjutant Carter, Captain Gamble, and also Captain The latter is resting on furlough, but worked very hard to make a success-The meetings on Snnday were much enjoyed. Two souls knelt for a fuller consecration in the morning, and one at night for salvation. On Monday a banquet and evening was held in the Parlsh House, provisions were abundant. The musieal meeting was a great success, and altogether a really good sum realised, which was much needed.
May God bless our comrades and friends who did their part. Adjutant aud Mrs. Lorimer are in charge, and are much loved. — Corps Cor. A. Thompson.

#### A BOY'S INFLUENCE.

Led Father and Mother to Decide for Christ.

Two of the Band boys led the Wednesday night meeting at Brandon. On Thursday Adjutant Lacey and Ensign Taylor took charge, Mrs. Major Taylor and Mrs. Adjutant Lacey led on for the week-end. Two souls came forward in the holiness meeting. - In the afternoon a dear man and his wife took their stand for God, and in their testimony sald that it was through the influence of their little boy that they had taken such a step. One backsider returned at night.—G. Dins-

### . EVERYONE GETS TO WORK. .

And a Steady Advance is Reported.

Regina is steadly advancing. A eek of interesting meetings, conducted by different married Soldlers and our Candidates, proved quite an at-traction. The knee-drills are conducted by the comrades in turn, and are well attended. The Company Guard meetings for Teachers are very The Band, under the leadership of Bandmaster Livingston, is decidedly on the up grade. Backsliders have been reclaimed and sinners converted. On Sunday night Lleut, Mc-Lean spoke with power on "The Hand-Writing on the Wall." Four sought salvation at the close.-M. L.

During the past three months, seventy-two souls have found salvation at Yarmouth, N. S. Lieut. McEachern has been welcomed, and we have launched our Anti-Tobacco League; already a large number have joined. The Band of Love treat went off very well indeed.—Amhitlous.

Since last report from Exploits Harbour two backsliders have returned to God. On Christmas Day we had a real good time, the Juniors doing a good share of the evening meeting.-Correspondent.

PRAISE FOR THE BAND.

The people of Belleville were pleased to have Brigadier Collier with them for the week-end. On Saturday night, in spite of the stormy weather, a number of people came out, and the meeting resulted in the salvation of one soul. At 10 a.m. on Sunday the Brigadier conducted a meeting in the fail, and two prisoners expressed a desire to do better. In the afternoon he gave a lecture on the Prison The Army. Mr. Graham was in the chair, and spoke very warmly of The Army, especially commending the local Band. A good crowd came at night, and six souls knelt at the morey seat among whom were a man and his wife and their little boy.

MUSIC AT LINDSAY.

Staff-Captain McLean Plays a Cornet.

On January 27th we had a grand musical treat at Lindsay. The Corps Songsters, led by Mrs. Easign Calvert, rendered several heautiful selections. The Band also played two The chair was occupied by Staff-Captain McLean, who is very popular here. He received great applause for a cornet solo. The two children of Mr. and Mrs. Fee sang a sweet little song, which fairly brought down the house. Mrs. Fee's song was also much appreclated.

#### A SOLDIER CALLED HOME.

We have lately added slx Soldiers to our roll at Moncton. We also have a good number of recruits. One of our Soldiers. Brother John Mason, has passed away to his Home ahove. gave him an Army funeral. His lost words were, "I am ready "-A. S. Duncan.

On Christmas Night at Herring Neck, we had the joy of seeing three wanderers come back to the fold again. Though the fight at times ems hard, we are determined by help, to break down Satan's

The selling of our Christmas Number has been successful, and those who had a chance of buying it were delighted to have it.-Lient. Ash, for Captain Smith.

#### (By Wire.)

Doting Cove has caught the flame. and remarkable doings are reported. Great revival meetings are being held, the Hall heing crowded every and since Sunday last over forty converslons have taken place. diers are jubilant. Hallelujah!-Capt. R. Tilley.

Hamilton III.-Cadet H. West, of Braatford, who has come to assist us here for a while, was welcomed on Saturday night.

Another Soldler was enrolled on Sunday night, and is going to work amongst the children.-T. J. Meeks,

Captain Meteass and Licutenant Sainsbury are doing well at Mussel Harbour Arm, We had a Sain of had a Sale of Work recently, which proved a great

God is blessing our efforts in Medicine Hat. On Sunday night one brother volunteered out for salvation, and claimed, pardon.-Rover.

TWO ELDERLY CONVERTS.

Meal First-Then Salvation

We can report that God has broken the chains of sin for two men, both over sixty, at Kemptville. One man was a hackslider for over seven years, and the other had never asked God to pardon him. Late in the afternoon he called at the Quarters to ask for something to eat. We gave him some food, and after he had got warmed we talked to him about his wasted life, and persuaded him to stay for the meeting. We were glad to see him come to the penitent form. He gave a testimony afterwards, in which he said that he felt as if a great load had gone off his back -Lieut Tor-

HOUSE-TOP JOY.

Headquarters Comrades on the War Path.

On January 25th and 26th the little town of Newmarket was stormed hy a detachment of Headquarters The townsfolk heartily ap preciated the music rendered by the Officers on their silver instruments, and although a "real old Canadian blizzard." as Ensign Peacock put it, prevailed throughout the week-end. the Hall was packed. Finances were excellent, and Captain McLeod was on the house-top for joy.

"Major and Mrs. Green visited as recently," writes the Captain. "We had a blessed time. Three souls found salvation, and we are waiting for another visit. Since our coming to this Corps, three months ago, twenty-ave souls have sought salvation, and a goodly number have been added to the Corps roll. Others are waiting to be enrolled. Hallelujah!"

### A "SCOTCH" MEETING.

#### Clans Gather at Calgary.

We had a "Scotch" meeting at Calgary on a recent Saturday night, and was quite a gathering of the clans. On Sunday we had good meetings, and in the afternoon one young man came to the mercy seat. Staff-Captain Coombs spoke on "The Two Fires" at night, and one man who had been convicted in the previous night's meeting came forward to seek the Saviour.—May Jackson.

There is something doing at Lindsov. and a peep at our platform on a Sunday night would convince anyone that God is working in our midst amount of uniform worn, and the bright happy faces of the Soldiers, and the glowing testimentes, is trapit ing and encouraging.—Rambler.

The first Sunday in 1908 was & very hiessed one to the comrades of Deseronto. In the holiness meeting a man came out for salvation—He obtained it, and at night brought his wife, and she, too, was saved. The comrades appreciate The General's messages very much.—Lieut. Hyde.

Under the leadership of Ensign Pearce and Lieut. McFaddea, toon is advancing rapidity. Brigadist Three souls came for salvation, and three asked an interest in our On Thursday night we had b special musical service, and finished up with some of the Ensign's spiends. ples. My—they were good.—H.M.

GRACE DEPORT MEAT.

What Captain Hurd Says,

large and attentive audi gathered in the Salvation Citadel vening to hear the address giver captain H. Hurd, says an Ott vivld one, and was illustrative of downfall of the speedthrift and dr Captain Hurd proved a cl and interesting speaker, who audience while he is lecturing. in connection with his address,

tain Hurd also told a few interes facts of the nature of his work gathering the many collect throughout the Provinces of East collect tario and Quebec. It was shown the total sum collected through medium of the little boxes which placed conspicuously in the diffe stores and private bouses, was in excess of the amount collected

Quawa has now thirty-three of boxes distributed throughout the and leads the district in the am contributed to the funds of The A Over \$600 was collected throug Captain Hurd's district alone year in these boxes.

Captain Hurd has been Travel Figancial Special of The Salva Army in Eastern Ontario and Province of Quehec for the last years. He is a Newfoundlander hith and has been an Officer in ada for five years.

We have had good times at B ville this week-end. Envoy Baker, ex-clown, from Toronto, Ied us Saturday night. The Envoy para the streets in his costume, which mite a crowd at the open-air. the inside meeting, he related his story before and after conver-Sunday morning holiness meeting excellent. The General's Letter listened to with marked interest. night God came very near, and soul found salvation. Our falt high for others.—Drummer.

A special song service was held Monday night, at !requois. We also favoured with a visit from tains Osmood and Morris, with a of the comrades from Morrisburg. Hall was crowded and every spent an enjoyable time. Coffee ake was served at the close -1 tenant Yorke, for Captain Magw

Cantain Peacock and Lieute weeney held the fort at Esther Si (No. I.), on Sunday last, and a da real salvation warfare was spent. man, who had never been include Army Hall ever since he left the Land many years ago, came bac Chirst. At night nine souls for their way to the mercy seat.

In spite of inclement wear Belleville dld well last Sunday. reading of The General's letter enied to many hearts, and two rades consecrated their all afres God. One soul found salvation might. Others left the seply convicted.—T. H. Laing.

The Soo" (Sault Ste. Marle,) boured under peculiar difficu cently, but praise God for succes ist. Sunday was a day of rich b The night service brought oung lads to the Cross. Bands Meeks, of Toronto, has been welco iere.—One Interested.

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live of them were young men.

GRACE BEFORE MEAT.

What Captain Hurd Says.

A large and attentive nudience gathered in the Salvation Citadel last rening to hear the address given by evening to near the andress given by Captain H. Hurd, says an Ottawa journal. The lecture was a very vivid one, and was illustrative of the downfall of the spendthrift and drunkdownfall of the spendarritt and drunk-and Captain Hurd proved a clever and interesting speaker, who holds his nationce while he is tecturing. In connection with his address, Cap-tain Hurd also told a few interesting

facts of the nature of his work in gatheriog the many collections throughout the Provinces of East Onario and Quebec. It was shown that the total sum collected through the medium of the little boxes which are placed conspicuously in the different placed conspicuously in the different stores and private houses, was \$200 in excess of the amount collected last

onewa has now thirty-three of the hoxes distributed throughout the city, and leads the district in the amount ontributed to the funds of The Army. Over \$600 was collected throughout Captain Hord's district alone last year in these boxes.

captain Hurd has been Travelling Figure 1 Special of The Salvation Army in Eastern Ontario and the Province of Quehec for the last two years. He is a Newfoundlander by leth and has been an Officer in Canada for five years.

We have had good times at Bellepile this week-end. Envoy Baker, the ex-clown, from Toronto, led us on Saturday night. The Envoy paraded the streets in his costume, which drew oulto a crowd at the open-alr. At the isside meeling, he related his lifeslory, before and after conversion, Sunday morniog holiness meeting was excellent. The General's Letter was istened to with marked interest. At night God came very near, and one soul found salvation. Our fulth is high for others.—Drummer.

A special song service was held on Monday night, at !request. We were also favoured with a visit from Cunains Osmond and Morris, with some of the comrades from Morrishurg. The Hall was crowded and everyhody spent an enjoyable time. Coffee and was served at the close.-Lieuenant Yorke, for Captain Magwood.

Captain Peacock and Llentenant weeney held the fort at Esther Street (No. L), on Sunday last, and a day of real salvation warfare was spent. One man, who had never heen inside an Army Hall ever since he left the Old land many years ago, came back to Chirst. At night nine souls found their way to the mercy seat.

In spite of inclement weather. Belleville did well last Sunday. The reading of The General's letter appealed to many hearts, and two comrades consecrated their all afresh to God. One soul found salvation at night. Others left the Barracks deeply convicted.—T. H. Laing.

The Soo" (Sault Ste. Marle,) has abouted under peculiar difficulties ecently, but praise God for success at ast. Sunday was a day of rich blessng. The night service brought five oung lads to the Cross. Bandsman Meeks, of Toronlo, has been welcomed ere.-One Interested.

We are having good times at Jackon's Cove, and have had the joy of seing seven souls in the fountain.

SET APART FOR SERVICE.

A Consecrated Band of Workers

We have been led to rejoice over the return of two backsliders in St. Thomas since last report. Week-end meetings conducted by Adjutant and Mrs. Cooper were good. God's pres-ence manifest. Sunday afternoon the commissioning of thirty-eight Senior and Junior Locals for the present year. With such n band of men and women set apart for service, great things should be accomplished for the Kingdom of God in this place. At night the people were earnestly dealt with by Adjutant and Mrs. Cooper.

Monday night, a special meeting. Lieut-Colocel Sharp and the Chancellor to the front, assisted by Ensign Riley and Captain Wright, who favoured us with instrumental and vocal solos. The Band also rendered some good selections. A most pleasing feature of this meeting was the commissioniog of the thirty Bandsmen hy the Colonel, The Colonel gave us one his soul-inspiring Bible readings and talks, which are always appreciated here, — Corps. Correspondent.

A CHANGE IN THE MINES.

Songs of Praise Instead of Cursing.

New Aberdeen.-Sioce our last report we have been enjoying much of God's presence and power. In almost every meeting souls are converted, and such is the influence at work that in the mines, where once was heard cursing and obscene talk, now songs of proise are heard. During the past ten weeks 100 men and women have knelt at the mercy seat, and in our Junior meetings 45 Juniors have sought salvation. We now have 12 Companies going, with an attendance of over 100, while the Band of Love registers 70 memhers.

On Sunday, which, by the way, was the coldest day we have experienced so far this season, the attendance at knee-drill was 30, and one soul sought mercy at the holioess meeting. Another soul, a sister, was led to the mercy seat hy her brother, who was saved two weeks hefore, and at night eleven others came to the Cross. The converts are doing well, and take great interest in the prayer meeling, dealing with their unsaved comrades, is doing well, and have worked hard to help raise the money for the new Citadel. More anon.

The hahy of Brother and Sister Burry was dedicated to God and The Army at Tweed recently. It was a very impressive service. We had the joy of seeing four souls at the mercy sent in the night meeting, and each gave a clear testimony afterwards, Captain and Mrs. Barber are leading us on .-- Mrs. Laney.

Major and Mrs. Green recently vis-ited Aurora, and had a good time. The crowds both inside and out were good, and the singing of the visitors was enjoyed by all. Seventeen re-consecrated themselves to the service of -N. Hibhs, Captain,

The Sunday meetings at St. John's I were well attended, and we had the joy of geeing four souls seek and find the Saviour. The Band did well-under Captain McGrath. We much enjoyed his cornet solo in the night mecting.

Through the night to Jesus—into the night with your own textured and tormented self—ah, watch ? For it is always tark where Christ is not—it is daybreak in the soul when Jesus enters it.

### MISSIONARY TRAVELS IN ALASKA.

A Chinaman's Box of Apples.—"Five Inches of Water in Barracks—An Indian's Valuable Gift—More Officers Wanted.

The natives of Alaska are a people

The natives of Alaska are a people who hunt, fish, log, and do many other things to make a living. Especially in the summer time do they go to the saluon fishing, as they are experienced in that line of work. Some summers they make n nice sum of money, while other seasons the calch is not as plentiful. It varies also in different locations, that is, in some parts the catch is good, while in others the run of salmon is small.

Generally the native goes home for a while just after fishing, and then after a few days or so he goes to dry asimon for himself, or may be he takes his traps and seeks to catch the fur-bearing animals, which often brigs him in a fat purse. Then location Christmas, he begins to think of getting home, and that is the time when the uatives can be seen and met in their own villages, It was with this aim in view, that I set out for.

An Extensive Trip Through My District.

My first port of call was Douglas, and who should I meet on the boat hut Sister Mrs. Jublin, all the way from Guelph, going to Join her husband in Douglas. It was nice to have a comrade to travel with, and I trust that Douglas Corps will greatly henefit by her return to the North. We had a very nice meeting at night, and two souls came to the mercy seat. As I had to call in Douglas on my return, I left on Wednesday for Killisnoo, on the S.S. "Georgia, inriving early Thursday morning. Owing to stemm-boat connections, I had to stay here for one week, which was put in to good account. We had several good meetings, with some nine soyle out for mercy, also a wedding and two children dedicated, the rolls were looked over, and the other Corps hooks attended to.

over, and the other Corps hooks attended to.

The Junior Work claimed our attention, and on Sunday afternoon at the Company meeting we had a very good ettendance Mrs. Kilhorn and the wosergeants look after the interests of the children. We need a good white Officer here, who is willings to do a little sacrifice for the natives, to bring them to God. Who will come?

On my return to Douglas, we had five souls out at the meeting we held; a white nan mnong the number. I got home in time for Christmas, and then atter New Year's Day, I was on the go again. Before I went, we had a very good time at Wrangell. The Petersburg Sergeant-Major and his Soliders came over from that fishing town, and spent a very happy senson with us. We had full crowds at our meetings, both-at Christmas. Tree was a decided success. Just, after we had a commenced, the Chinaman store-keeper. (Sing: Lee). came marching down the asise with a

Big Box of Apples

Big Box of Apples and they were the very best at that Sing believed in giving the very best to the town of the people. Mrs. Smith and myself took the meetings on Sunday night; the Barracks was crowled, and numbers of our white friends were present. Our String Band gave us some good music, and the choir from Petersburg sang some good songs. We also had the choir from Petersburg sang some good songs. We also had the choir from Petersburg sang some good songs. We also had the choir from Petersburg sang some good songs. We also had the delicated to God and The Army. If also married two of our Kake Soldiers, and we rejoiced at the close, over two souls at the mercy seat.

The Boldier's Ten on Christmas was good, so was the dinner on New Year's Day. Our Watchnight service was one of blessing. Wrangell Corps. Is moving on in the right direction; Capitan Miller believes in secting everybody and making himself known, or the glory of God and the good of the people.

The Petersburg comrades would

The goody of the arms good would the people...

The Petersburg comrades would have me to back with them null-put in some work for that growing and interesting town, so we boarded the S.S. "City of Scattle," and arrived at the very enry hour of 3 a.m.

The tide was so hig on Saturday,

that it flooded our Barracks five Inches, while one store in town had a foot of water in it. It was too wet to have a meeting in the Barracks on Saturday night, so we started at seven o'clock on Sunday moraling and our appetites were whetted for a good day. We were not disappointed, for we finished up with two dedications, enrolled seven Sodiers, and married two couples, and also had the joy of seeing two souls at the mercy seeing two souls at the mercy one a white man, who volunteered out for mercy. After eight days of drunkramess, he was in a terrible plight, but he sought the right source for deliverance, that was God Hinself, Hallelujah!
When the steamboat returned from

but he sought the right source for deliverance, that was God Himself, Hallelujan!
When the steamboat returned from the North. I got aboard for Ketchikan, on my way to Saxman, where we have a turiving little Corns of Soldiers. They have been having som, very good meetings of late, and severnl souls have been converted to God. One native by the name of Thomas McKay (rather Soctot in his name) made a reading desk for the Barracks, of Alaska oatlve wood and inhid, and valued at about \$70.00, and the got saved. The Soldiers have made some good improvements in the Barracks, having ralsed the ceiling, and done some prainting on the building. We had the pleasure of seeing two souls in the mercy seat, also of curoling two Soldiers, delicating two builtes, and marrying two comrades; I also commissioned eight Sergeants. The Kake Sergeant-Major reports 44 souls for last month; 32 at New Years. We need some three or four Officers who don't want a snap, but want to do work for the natives of Alaska, and the henour of our God. Are you willing to come?

—Robert Smith, Adjutant

COMMISSIONER AND MRS.

COOMBS IN WEST ONTARIO. (Continued from page 9.)

lery; the second was a "Soldier of the King." The Band-has much in-

LEAMINGTON.

Early on Monday morning, before the hreak of duy, the Commissioner, Lleut.-Colonel Sharp and the writer started for the beautiful town of Lenmington. The large now Metho-dist Church was very kindly placed at our disposal. Its acoustic propertles are almost perfection itself. A magnificent audience gathered, and when we consider that the service was held in the middle of the afternoon. on n week-day, it was one of the most successful ever held in Canada. Mayor Peterson presided, and spoke well of The Army's methods. The Rev. Mr. Wilson, the pastor of the church, and the Revs. Edmonds (Anglican), and Hamliton (Preshyterian), also tenk nart.

The Commissioner spoke of "Tho Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow of The Salvation Army." The great The Salvation Army." The great audience was much interested with his address, and we are confident the local Corps will receive a great impctus as a result of our leader's visit.

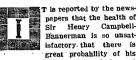
WINDSOR.

Adjutant Wigglas had made widely known the visit of the Commissioners consequently the Curry's Hall was about filled. We were glad to see Mrs, Colonel Scott and a number of Officers from over the line. The one spirit predominates the whole Salvaspirit predominates the whole Salva-tion Army. The Soldiers and friends were not slow in showing their deep appreciation of our lenders' visit, which was certainly in the hands of God made a great blessing. A large number consecrated themselves for a more real service. Hallelujah -

We are now on our way back to the centre, being several hours over-due because of a wreck on the line. Such is life on the cars sometimes.— Lieut.-Colonel Pugmire.

### Very Busy Man.

A Glimpse into the Life of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Prime Minister of England.



being unable to perform the duties and responsibilities connected with his high office of Chief Commoner of Eng-Some idea of the work connected with the position of a British Prime Minister may be gathered from the following article:—

To convey to our readers some idea of the labours of a Prime Minister, let us suppose that we are taken into his study one morning after We should find him seated in an arm chair at a long table, which was covered with despatch boxes and hooks. A secretary comes in with a paper containing a varlety of suggestions for topics and their treatmnet. Another brings a digest of the points in the speech of some adversary, with useful annotations.

Sir Henry peruses these somewhat wearily, and every now and then he askes a question, but does not seem to take any very great interest in the answer. All the while he is at work with a long pencil, striking out passages, and making notes in a queer sort of sborthand of his own, which no one else could understand. From time to time he asks for facts and figures, and someone has to go off and procure documentary evidence.

#### Slow, but Sure.

One cannot help but be impressed by his great patience, bis love of detail, and his great pains to secure accuracy. When at last the groundwork of his speech is complete, he prefers to remain alone while he is drawing up his notes. As he is not a quick worker, this process usually takes a very long time. Once his notes are complete, he proceeds to dictate them to a snorthand writer. Typewritten copies are brought to him, and further corrections are made. When at last the final notes are ready, guite an elaborate process of manufacture has been gone through. For a slow worker like Sir Henry, the labour of preparing and delivering speeches during an autumn campaign would he really sufficient to occupy all bis time. But as it is only one out of about a hundred of his occupations, it is a standing marvel that he manages to puff tbrough.

#### Keeping at it.

All day long his attention must never relax; even meal-times scarcely afford on instance respite; and iar into the night, when his temples are throbbing, his weary eyes blinking, he must still struggle with his endiess Iabours far beyond the limits of his physical strengtb. Talk of the white slaves in the sweaters' dens, talk of the man on the treadmill, relentlessly driven on by implacable machinery; talk about convicts in the sait mines of Sheria! Even their cruel lot is scarcely less endurable than that of the aged Premier, whose only task-master is a conscientious determination to do his duty. Yet he never complains, his temper is ever unruffled, he is always kind, and considerate,

Many Interruptions

After lunch the Premier turned his



Always On the Go

attention to affairs of state. Many interruptions occurred, however, during the afternoon. A servant would come In with a telegram or a visiting card, or a tremendous bundle of comespond-Sometimes again a messenger would arrive from His Malesty, or a restive colleague wanted to be satisfied on some utterly unimportant matter. hundred ond one interruptions, one nerhans worth five minutes' attention the other hundred certainly worth no attention at all, would force themselves upon the Premier, and many more hours than they actually occupied. When one intruder was dis missed and when very wearily and very laboriously, the patient worker had got back to his previous question. and was beginning to flatter himself

that he might now go straight ahead, appear, and the whole trouble would have to be gone through again.

Piles of Letters.

One of the chief curses of the age ls the multiplicity of correspondence. We are always hoasting ahout the great advance in the conveniences of this age, but one of the great inconveniences, from the point of view of the statesman, is the increased facility of communications. The mall for the Premier arrives in huge sackfuls. Of course he has an army of clerks who go through the mass and separate the wheat from the chaff.

#### The Hardest Task of All.

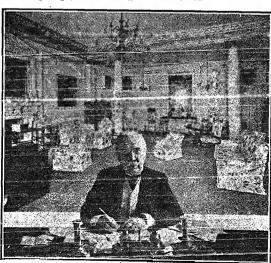
Perhaps the task which Sir Henry finds most trying of all is that of maintaining harmony among his colleagues; but this be does in a most tactful manner,

If the public only knew the incessant vigilance, the infinite pains, the extravegant flatteries, the trying humiliations which have been necessary their pity for Sir Henry would only be surpassed by their admiration.

Apart from his work as a peacemaker, he has always bad the labour of glving practical supervision to every department. No doubt he has confidence in the colleagues he has chosen, but It is impossible for him to forget that a blunder by any subordinate will always do laid at his door. Unlike most English statesmen, he speaks excellent French, and he know exactly how to set foreigners at their ease. On the occasion of a recent visit of French excellent deputies, he delivered an little speech in French, which was obviously spontaneous, and Frenchmen who know bim are loud in their praises "Sir Bannerman."

The week-end meetings at Riverdale ere conducted by Adjutant and Mrs. McElheney. After a powerful address by the Adjutant in the morning, two souls obtained the blesslng. At night the meeting was well attended, and although the Band was away, a red-hot salvation meeting was held. Three souls linelt at the Cross.

Whilst the Soldiers of Cottle's Cove vere singing "Come on, don't walt," one poor wanderer came to the Cross. The Soldiers danced for joy. Lieutenant Ball is working bard in our midst. -Delilah Clarke.



The Busy Premier in the "Work-room" at No. 10 Downing Street.

### Promoted to Glory.

BROTHER BLACKWELL, OF LINE SAY.

Our comride passed sway on Fiday morning, January 24th, and washured on Sunday atroon. The service at the house was conducted by Rev. Mr. Pullilps (Methodist). Brother Blackwell was a Soldier for twenty-three years. He was converted at Omensee under Captain Freer, and after sixteen years of faithful service there, he moved to Lindsay. He held several local positions in the Corp. and could always he relied on to do his part. He leaves a wife helming who has been a Soldier for a long time, being converted shortly after ner hushand. Four boys are also left enter the several local positions in the Corp. and Lawrence at home.

During the past afteen months Brother Blackwell was unable testend the meetings, but all was well with his soul when the end cane. We have lost a good Soldier; the torn a good clitzen, the family a good his band and father, but we believe he has gone to his reward.

The memorial service was held on Sunday night, and conducted by Sist. Captain McLean, assisted by Endag Patterson and Ensign and Mar Calivert. Two souls cried to God fer pardon. The Corps Band and Seldiers marched from marching to the graveside by a captain and the Captain for the Hall to the house, but were prevented from marching to the graveside by a captain and the Captain for the graveside by a captain and the graveside by a ca

house, but were prevented from marching to the grave-side by a severe storm.—J. E. C.

### BROTHER PRICE, OF HANTE HARBOUR.

Again the Reaper—Death—has been at work in our little harbour, as has taken from our midst Brother data the war in the was only sick for a few cays, when God 'cook him to well with Himself. It reminds as each that in the midst of life we set at the cast. We shall miss him machinish his happy, beaming, face and bright smile, but we believe that or loss is Henven's gain. He irready could life, and he died as very saying death. No one who was ever a quainted with Brother Frice in the sunshine of cternal disa we deeply sympathies with all the servowing ones, and carnestly pay that their sorrow.

rowing ones, and earnesdy pray an their sorrow.

God will comfort and cheer them in The ranks have been broken. Who will step in and fill the vacant place!

—Capt. S. Morgan.

### MRS. PIERCEY, OF FORTUNE.

On Sunday, January 12, we laid to st the remains of our sparks 

were, "All is well."

The funeral service was conduct by Captain Butler, who took for it stext, Rom., v. 12, especially dealing on the word death, dividing it also six words, beginning with each determinely, death, etermity, all, that heaven or hell. A large crowd present, many of whom came from the adjoining town of Grand Bask d which our late sister was a native to daughters who are laid extend our slacerest sympathy. Lil.

### MRS. REID, OF HEART'S DELIGHT



### NORWAY.

The public made a very liberal reto our appeal for the poor this sponse to our appear for the poor this Caristmas time, and no less than 3,138 families were supplied with food, and namines were supplied with 100d, an other necessities, which were di-tributed through the Slum Officers.

The 20th Anniversary of the com-mencement of the Work in Norway was celebrated by a great meeting in the Calmeyergade Hall at Christiania, me chimeyergade nan at Christiania, and amongst others present were Commissioner Ouchterlony, Major Thuneli, now of Sweden (who was the first S. A. Captaln in Norway) and Major Ostby, the Scandinavian Musical espert. A special Anniversary number of the War Cry has been issued, giving scenes illustrating events from each year's Salvation Army Warfare, with portraits of the different Leaders who have been in command during the twenty years, and last, but not least, an inspiring message from The General to his sturdy Norweglan troops.

### WEST INDIES.

Brigadler Hipsey bas just returned to Kingston from a Tour in the West of Jamaica Where he had splendid meetings, with excellent crowds and gratifying results. On Sunday afternoon he lectured to a congregation of one thousand neonle in a Chanel which had been lent for the occasion. He was much impressed with the splendid opportunities for the work of The Salvation Army in the Island.

### JAPAN.

Lieut. Colonel Talt writes that she had a good finish at Kyoto, eighteen souls coming out for Salvation. The Half was full for the first meeting, in which nine Soldiers were enrolled. The Colonel also says that she has received a post card from a convert, expressing his thanks for the new joy he had found, and saying he can now work his fifteen hours a day more happliy,

### CEYLON.

The T. C. (Brigadler Hjelm) has visited Matale and Kandy. At Matale he was introduced to the audience by Mr. Van Rooyen, a prominent lawyer, and friend of The Army. Dr. Moss, an active Soldier and warm supporter of our work hilleted the Brigadier and fifteen Officers at his own expense.

Brig. Yesu Pratham, writing from Nagercoii, says that the Mavallcoral D. O. reports 280 souls in his Division, most baving been brough in from heathen darkness. The Changanacharry D. O. also reports a good numher of heathen conversions, the number being 166. The revival fiame in the Malayam District is spreading, and souls are getting converted on all sides. The Nanilnadu D. O. reports fourteen heathen converts; making a total of 400 souls. A mighty upheaval was expected during the visit of Commissioner Fakir Singh, in the middle of January. The Northern D. O's. are on the alert to link up every soul that is saved as a Soldier of The S. A. Colonel Nurani has just dedicated a new harracks in Vasioor Corps, in the Agasthespuram District. At the opening of the Corps we had only one family to stand by The S. A., but now almost all the village have become Salvationets. The Barracks is a neat, substantial building and will become the spiritual birthplace of many people we believe. The village nearly are believe. The village people are

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S.-D.

### to Glory.

WELL, OF LIND

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st fifteen months was unable to at-but all was well in the end came od Soldier, the town but all was well in the end tame od Soldier, the form family a good his but we believe be ward.

ward.
ervice was held of conducted by Staff assisted by Ensign and Mrs Calcried to God far cried to God me Hall to the prevented from grave-side by a El. C.

ICE, OF HANTS BOUR.

te harbour, and has been the harbour, and has midst Brother lobs only sick for a few took him to skell t reminds us each t of life we are it miss him much beaming, face as we believe that or geth. He lives a geth. gala. He lived a who was ever according to the control of the contro

earnestly pray that and cheer them is been broke been broken. Who

, OF FORTUNE nuary 12, we lall to of our separted cey. The decased cey. The decased advanced age of N heen sick for ross was a follower of years, and through thom, and storms and could trust in Him of her as among its that with these with the could trust in the could be could trust in the could be could trust in the could be could be

ited with these we e. Har last works rvice was conducted r, who took for his especially dwells ath, dividing it isto with each eternity, all, truth,
A large crowd whom came from the
of Grand Bank of sister was a ostine iters who are left at rest sympathy.—Lil.

HEART'S DELIGHT.

ved comrade, Hs. passed away. Es first Soldlers of the fought a good fall eady to do anythis Army. All through the cover murmured, but Army. All threat acree murmed the for the Masseraes. I have a solution of all the masseraes are all the masseraes. Ochind that sile and the masseraes are the first and the masseraes are mount they are have our se have our s. Matthew

OUR:INTERNATIONAL-NEWS-LETTER

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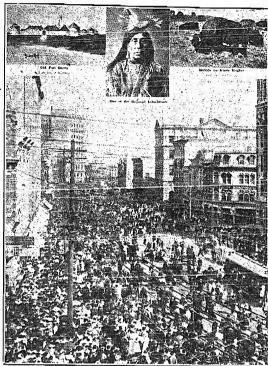
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The Wonderful Growth of Winnipeg-Main Street.

The Wonderful Growth a As it Was.—Barely thirty-five years ago Main Street was a prairie path. Ox teams and prairie waggons straggled across the flat black earth, and the few buildings that then skirted the way gave no promise of those that now loom skyward along the principal street of that one-time prairie village. That trading post of Indian trapper and Hudson Bay factors. Then, pure blooded Indians made up by far the greater half of those who leisurely made their way along the deep-rutted road, where to-day gather the peoples of the wide earth.

Winnipeg—Main Street.

As it is.—Main Street, Winnipeg! Is there in all the, world another street like it? There are longer streets in Chicago, streets more crowded by vehicles and pedestrians in London, straighter streets in Philodelphia, and streets more beautiful in Edinburgh; the streets in New York have talier buildings, and many an old world city street takes the poin from Winnipeg's broad thoroughtare for quaintness, but where is there another street, so new, so magnificently wide, so cosmopolitan in the character of the people who daily pass to and fro over its pavements

quite proud of their building.

A petitition has been sent to the T. C. by the people of a village near the obove named village (Vasloor.) They want The S. A. to come and teach them the religion of Jesus Christ, and Coionel Nurani has consented to open this place very shortly.

### INDIA.

The Scif Denial results for the Indian Territory are now to hand. In spite of difficulties and the dearness of rice in the Northern parts, the total shows an increase of Rs., 330 over last year's amount. This is a great victory, and one which has caused Colonel Nurani and her devoted band of Officers much satisfaction. With but one exception, every Division and District smashed its target.

connection with the above Effort, Colonel Nurani had a whole day's Councils with the Officers of South Travancore. Certificates were presented to successful C. O's. for their labours associated with the recent Soul-saving Campaign, and also the Harvest Festival.

Ceylon has also eclipsed its previous S.D. Effort, by raising a total of Rs.4,650, which is Rs.550 over last year. All previous records are thus besten, and there is much rejoicing on the part of Officers ond Soldiers

Lady Lawloy, the wife of the Governor of Madras, recently sent for Lieut.-Colonel Puramai, to visit her at Government House, invited her to stay to tea, and gave her a sub stantial order for work from the Rescue Home.

### INTERNATIONAL HEAD-OUARTERS.

Commissioner Rallton left I. H. Q. on January 14th for an extended visit of investigation to Austria, Hungary, Roumania, Turkey, Bulgaria and Servia. He will be absent some months, and will, among other places, call at

Constantinople and Odessa, News has reached the ForeignOffice of a Soldler who has been conducting meetings on Salvation Army lines in Mexico. Fourteen Roman Catholics have been converted.

A remarkable revival is in progress at Ayr, and hundreds of souls have heen swept into the Kingdom. Six hundred and fifty-nine have sought salvation since the awakening, including many ex-juli-birds and drunkards.
Two months ago only ten Soldiers stood with the Officers in the open-alr, now there are 165. The attendance at the meetings has gone up from

to 4.860. There is a striking fall in the charges of drunkenness in the town as a result of the

The Dundee "Evening Telegraph and Post" says:--

"Lochee folks are expressing their gratitude to The Salvation Army Officers who have been acting as the almoners of the shop-keepers and residents. Lochee generously provided ample supplies of food for a Sunday free breakfast and free dinner, and the Salvationists worked with womanly skill and kindliness in making all arrangements, and in tending the many men, women, and children who sorely required ald."

### UNITED STATES.

Commander Eva Booth has arranged to conduct slashing "Ten Day" Compaigns in the lorger American Cities. Boston and New York have already been decided upon, and a unique feature of the Campaign will be the systematic visitation of saloons and houses, by specially appointed Offi-

The commencement of the New York Campaign gives promise of a mighty time to come. Forty-four kuelt at the mercy seat on Sunday.

The Mayor of Owensboro, Ky., has turned over the administration of all the local charity work to The Salvation Army, following the lead of the Mayor of Sovannah, Gn. Others would do well to follow suit.

#### SOUTH AFRICA.

Acting-Commissioner Richards has just concluded a stirring Campaign in the North. H's meetings at Coalbrook, Stoenpan, Vrededorp, and Pretoria, were exceedingly encouraging, and the outlook at these places is full of prom-ise. The native Locations continue to receive much attention.

At a meeting recently held by Acting-Commissioner Richords in Rociand Street jall twenty-five sculs, all volunteers were at the mercy sect.

An analysis of the inmates on the books of The Army's Social Farm at Durban, last month, shows a variety of nationalities; England, Scotland, Ireland, Austria, Australia, Canada, Finland, Norway, Sweden, and South Africa, being among the countries rep-

### MAJOR F. MORRIS ON TOUR.

We arrived at Lothbridge about midnight, and were met by Cantain Adams and Cadet Nellinger. On the following day we had a rousing openair, and about thirty were on the march. The Hali was full, The Major commissioned the Band and Local Officers. The Officers deserve great credit for the Way they have worked here.

Fernie Corps has been favoured with a visit from Major Morris and Adjutant Bloss. The people were de-lighted with their music and singing, and much enjoyed the Major's ad-dresses. Adjutant Bloss was the first on the scene, and conducted the Sat-urday night meeting. On Sunday morning the Major arrived, and gave a splendld address on "How to Save Souls." The Hall was packed at night. The Band rendered good service at all the meetings, Ensign Pickle and Captain Cock are praying for great things here.

### Most Notable Capture Editor's Note .- All sorts and concilions of men are found in the ranks

of The Army. Now, how these varicus types of humanity have been won for God and The Army, should form very interesting reading; to capture all sorts and conditions of men, all sorts of methods must be employed; we, therefore, invite our comrades to inform us what means and measures they adopted to win a soul for God, that stands out in their memory as their greatest trophy. The methods may suggest other means to our comrades, and thus our writers will be instructing other comrades to fight. The following story is interesting, and shows how something out of the ordinary can be made instrumental in soul-winning.

T is stated in God's Word that "the effectual, fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much," and the following incluent is a splendid ii-

Justration of that truth.

In a mining town of Nova Scotia, lived a young fellow whom we will eall Bob. He was an earnest and industrious lad, and a very quiet one, too not caring to mly much with the pleasure-loving miners in their evening carousals, but preferring to read and study in his own room. Yet he was . unconverted.

Ons night he went to an Army meeting, and was brought face to face with the fact that he was a sinner in the sight of God, and needed a new heart and a right spirat. Through obedience to the truth be parified his soul that night from the defilement of sin, and went out of The Army Hall a new creature in Christ Jesus. became a bright, earnest Salvationist, and devoted himself to prayer and good works. At the house where he odged, a good deal of gambling and drinking was carried on, the landlady supplying her lodgers and their frlends with fiquor without being liceused to do so. Upon learning of this, The Army Officers urged Bob to leave the house, but he declined to do

so; thinking that he could do most good amongst the people with whom ne had lived before his conversion. His faith was abundantly rewarded.

At first the others rather laughed at the religious turn that Boo had taken, but his consistent life and his kind acts made them respect him, and gradually he won his way to their



## HOW I EFFECTED IT



"They Spent Their Time in Gambling."

bearts. returned home from the meetings, he would find the common room filed with miners, busily engaged in card-playing and drinking. With a cheery "Good night, lads-God bless you," be would go to his room, and there nour out his heart to God for the conversion of the men below. Very often he would pray aloud, and the godless crowd would hear him. Then one by one they would throw down their cards, and steal away to their own rooms, feeling terribly control.
sin. Very soon some of them began

Night after night when he to attend The Army meetings instead of spending their evenings at the cand table. Hob's aftent influence was being felt. The greatest victory was poured out all her remaining stock of poured out all ner remaining stock of tiquor, and declared that no more gambling and diviking should. take place under her roof. Later on, see gave her heart to God in an Army meeting, and took her stand 25 a. Soidler.
Thus, through the power of persist.

ent prayer, was this reformation effected, and at least one soul won-for God. That young man is now as one cer in The Salvation Army.

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### ROMANCE OF

ARMY BANDS. (Continued from page 3.),

cl him. Assured by the Shirit, that the dast was forgiven, and helped tempovarily by the Captain, who kept him at the Quarters for two months, till he was able to do something for himself, the poor old man began to find pleasure in living again. He became a bright Solller, and is well of and happy to-day.

If it had not been for The Army drim and the kindly interest of the Captain, the story might have endeal lifferently. God hiess the drum!

The Salvation Army is a great-educational factor. This is not generally recognised, but it is so, nevertheless. "Not so many long years ago," said a convert, speaking at an open-air meeting, "Loouldat, read this Bhile, if the letters were as his as that police man over there, but now, since I've got converted, I can read almost every part of it."

And so marn lone who have neither inclination for, nor skill in music, have drilled themselves, for the glory of God, into most efficient lidayers.

Sometimes these struggles have been heroic. One of the largest and most proficient Bands in The Army, had a humble beginning. It is composed of a body of men many of swhom prior to being saved were drunk-ards and gamblers, who were converted. When it was declied to organiss a Band these men were turessed into it, and learned to distinguish, and call by name the notes on the staves, hefore they kind learned to pleture-writims. Thus, on the card-while contained the nusse of "So we'll lift-up-the banner on high," they drew a little: picture of The Army

Fig. "We are out on the ocean sailing," was recognised by the plure of a little boat on the sea. This. of course, was comparatively easy, but the song, "The Jews they crucified Him," presented difficulties, as there are many sailvarion soogs which contain the blea of the Cross; but in this journal "The Jews" was to be the predominant idea. A picture of unancient, man, with a long nose and an old "clothes" bag was, therefore, hawn, and served its purpose well. Humour was not lacking in some of these pictorial captions. For instance, tae piece, "Oh, to be Over Yonder!" was made intelligible to those who knew not their alphabet, by the sketch of a "weary Willie" sort of chap in one corner, who looked with longing eyes into another corner, in which was inteleated! a comfortable arm-chair.

Bible-Reading Bandsmen.

This sort of thing, of course, only lasted for a time, as the desire to read their Bibles was as great amongst these Army converts, as the desire to read music. They learned to read

both. /
It is from mon of this class that one It is from men of this clares that com-instrumentalists have been largely re-cruited, and it is fair to say that not inhety-five per cent. of The Army Bandsmen could play an instrument or knew a note of music, when they knet at the mercy seat. Nevortheless, some have atteined considerable musical proficiency; such as Bandanaster Mor-ris, of Blackpool, England; who holds a certificate of merit from the Trinty

that time he could ill afford the uccessary expenses, and in order to meet them, was obliged to deny himself of elotines and many other things. As may be limighted, he proven an apt pupil, and massed three examinations in connection with Trinity College. But Bandmaster Morris is not alone in this respect, for there is another Sativationist in that band who has dene the same thing.

who has done the same thing.

Anothing more impresses the United States contrades who visit us occasionally in Toronto, than the smart bearing and well-drilled manners the City Corys Bands. The credit for this must he largely given to the Bandmasters; and it certainly sneaks well for The Salvation ANTLY'S capacity to develop the latent gifts of its members, when it is able to take men, who, prior to conversion, were invested to conversion, were invested to too conversion, were invested to conversion, were invested to too go comes pleasures, having no teste nor inclination for music or, anything of an elevated character, but who, since they became Salvationists, have developed into aktiled musicians, competant instructors and Band-leaders.

From the Junior Banks.

Not all our Banks.
Not all our Bankmasters, however, bave been raised from this class.
Many have grown up from the ranks of our luniors, as the Commissioner remarked at the gathering of the Torooto-Bandsmen. As a matter of fact, the Templo Corps Band, which may be regarded perhaps as the premier Corps Band in Canada, is conducted by a comrande who not very long ago was a Junior Sokiler.

But not only have the successors of

ris, of Blackpool, England, who holds a certificate of merit from the Trinty College of Music.

The indomitable perseverance and self-denial practised by Salvationists in learning and discharging their Corps, duties, is well shown in the story of how this comrade acquired a knowledge of the theory of music.

One of the Bandsman wanted to play the sole explonation wanted to play the sole explonition, but could not manage the part, neither could his instructor show him how to do so.
Bandmaster Morris, thereupon, set himself out to acquire the necessary knowledge by studying under the direction of a doctor of music. At

But more valuable than mere skill, is the beautiful devotion to the cause of spreading salvation possessed by our Bandsmen. All of them are working men, yet the vast majority attend three indoor end three outdoor endings on Sunday, are present at userings on Sunday, are present at userings on Francisco during the week purchased their own uniform and centribute to the Band Fund. The latter, if placed so low as four cents and yet week, works out in a folia of \$37,000 per annum.

But all this is done for the gloryd God and the salvation of souls. That the Bands are factors in the splittantereseneration of inen the following is chilent proves:—

regeneration of men the following achilent proves:—

A well dressed man recently stephed
into an open-air meeting, and told-aw
that five months previously, in despaithrough unsiness embarrassments,
brought on by his foolish extravganeles, he had decided to commitsuicle. On his way to enry out his
awful decision, his attention was arrested by the sound of singing. If
proved to be The Salvation Army, He
listened to the service, and, as a resul,
abandoned his Intention of selfdestruction, and resolved to accept he
mercy of God. Since that thintie temporal affairs, as the result of his
emporal affairs, as the result of his
emporal affairs, as the result of his
emporal and harpiness. He said he consider
it his duty to thus publicly testify to
what The Salvation Army had done
for lim.

There is no doubt that the introduc-There is no doubt that the introlu-tion of brass bands to supplement the open-air singing has been a gra-factor in arresting the attention of the careless who seldom, if ever so to a place of worship. The increase mustcal proficiency of the bands, which has been so noticeable during the last few years, has called full most commendatory remarks from most commendatory remarks from mustcal critics; draws large crowds to our open-air, sorvices, and forms, source of constant pleasure to the communities monoget which the hands are formed.

are formed.

A few facts concerning the Bessel

Dands of the Salvation Army warf in Condo and viewfoundland, may interesting. At the present time have in Canada sixty hands, some which are very fine musical organitions indeed, and contain from this to forty skilled musiclans, none whom receive pecuniary remuneration their services, but who, insterpay considerable sums out of the part considerable sums out of the part of the maintenance the band, besides devoting a great de time and trouble to practices for creasing their musical knowledge as still. The Bandsmen, like all othered with the sum of the sum

#### Civil War in Persia.

There is considerable unrest in Pe-siz at oresent. The Ministry has resigned, and fighting has broken or between the Nationalists and the Royshins. The town of Teberan is in a state of siege, and tribula cavariand cossacks are purading the street. The cause of the trouble is a deman male by the Nationalists on the Shaf for the expulsion of the re-actionarchies, who are intriguing against the Cabinet. The Shah refused to compile with the demand, and ordered the arrest of three of the Ministers of State.

with the demand, and ordered with the demand, and arrest of three of the Ministers of State.

The re-actionaries, re-inforced hat housand roughs from Veramin, holdie Gun Square and the vicinity of the Palace. They have already commenced looting, and some murder have been committed. The Nationalists, about ten thousand strong, have erected barricades, extending for amile around the Parliament Buildings and are acting ou the defensive.

The Parliament has sent a circular to the Foreign Legations, appealing to the Foreign Legations, appealing to the humanity of the European nations for sympathy in their struggle against the Shah's violation of the Constitution The Shah is reported to be yielding and sceme anxious te adjust all differences without resorting to force.

Taking advantage of this state of affairs, the Turks are massing on the Persian frontier, and arms and amminition are being sent to them from Constantinople. The Kurds are also menacing the country, so between in termal quarries and foreign aggression, the Persians are at present in an unhappy state.

### Straight Railway Track.

straight Railway Track.

It spite of the apparently mathematical straight-lines which many of the Western railways appear to follow on the man, it has been stated that the record in this direction will be heaten by the new national transcontinental railway, otherwise known as the Grand Trunk Pacific, seventy miles of which will be constructed without a curve. Five years ago bowever, a length of seventy-one miles of perfectly straight railway track was constructed on the extension of the Rhodesia Failways, from Bulawayo in the direction of the Victoria Fails. So far, therefore, as the length of straight line is concerned, the record is held by the portion of the Rhodesia Railways above referred to.

### Something About Fishing.

Fishing for souls is a personal work. It is not confined to the pulpit; every man or woman who possesses fatth and an andent love of Jesus should engage in it. It is not a "professional" business, restricted to a few, and to be dono in a set facilion. For it is not a complished only by a whole church enipolying a huge net to bring in a multithate of converts at a single draught. Sometimes a powerful and genoral revival does this. But conversions follow individual searts.—Dr. Cuyler.

The Band boys at Fernie are trying to raise sufficient money to get some new instruments, and have already over \$400,00 towards that object. ure





v meetings instant venings at the card influence was be entest victory was nen the landlade remaining stock of king should take of. Later on, see God in an Army k her stand as a

e nower of perdet. s reformation effectione soul won forman is now an Official Army.

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oncorning the Roy

Bands of the Salvation Army warfare in Canada and Newfoundland, may he interesting. At the present time we have in Canada sixty hands, some of which are very fine musical organisations indeed, and contain from thirty to forty skilled musicians, none of whom receive necuniary renumeration for their services, but who, instead, pay considerable sums out of their own pockets for the maintenance of the band, besides devoting a great deal of time and trouble to practices for increasing their musical knowledge and skill. The Bandsmen, like all other local workers in The Salvation Army, on their duty as a labour of love, out of gratitude to their Redeemer.

During the past year, the number increased by 160, and \$7.5.5" worth of new instruments has been supplied to the various bands.—Brigadier Bond.

### Civil War in Persia.

There is considerable unrest in Per-sia at present. The Ministry has re-signed, and fighting has broken out between the Nationalists and the nogarists. The town of Teneran is in a state of siege, and tribal cavalry and cossacks are parading the streets. The cause of the trouble is a demand made by the Nationalists on the Shah, for the expulsion of the reactionary chiefs, who are intriguing against the Cabinet. The Shah refused to comply with the demand, and ordered the with the demand, and ordered the arrest of three of the Ministers of

State.
The re-actionnries, re-inforced by a thousand roughs from Veramin, hold the Gun Square and the vicinity of the Paiace. They have already communders murders with the community of the paiace.

a thousand roughs from Veramin, hold the Gun Spaare and the vicinity of the Palace. They have already commenced looting, and some murders have been committed. The Nationalists, aboot ten thousand strong, have rected barricades, extending for a mile around the Parliament Buildings, and are acting on the defensive.

The Parliament has sent a circuint to the Foreign Legations, appealing to the humanity of the European nations for sympnty in their struggle against the Shah's violation of the Constitution. The Shah is reported to be yielding, and asceme anxious to adjust all differences without resorting to force.

Taking advantage of this state of affairs, the Turks are massing on the Persiam frontier, and arms and ammunition are heing sent to them from Constantinople. The Kurds are also menacing the country, so between internal quarrels and foreign aggression, the Persians are at present in an unhappy state.

### Straight Railway Track.

In spite of the apparently mathe-matical straight lines which many of the Western rallways appear to fol-low en the map, it has been stated that the record in this direction will be beaten by the new national trans-continental rallway, otherwise known continental railway, otherwise known as the Grand Trunk Pacific, seventy miles of which will be constructed without a curve. Five years ago, however, a length of seventy-one miles of parfectly straight milway track was constructed on the extension of the Rhodesia Failways, from Buinwayo in the direction of the Victoria Fails. So for, therefore, as the length of straight line is concerned, the record is held by the portion of the Rhodesia Railways above referred to.

### Something About Fishing.

Fishing for souls is a personal work. It is not confined to the pulpit; every man or woman who possesses faith and an ardent love of Jesus should engage in it. It is not a "professional" business, restricted to a few, and to be dono in n set fashion. Nor is it to be accomplished only by a whole church employing a huge net to bring in a multiplie of converts at a single draught. Sometimes a powerful and general retward does this. But conversions follow individual effort with individual igents.—Dr. Cuyler.

The Band boys at Fernic ate trying to raise sufficient money to get some new instruments, and have already over \$400.00 towards that object.

### A MODERN GIDEON.

(Continued from page 4.)

have thought that the Governor-Gen eral was leaving the town, instead of a Salvation Army Cadet

#### Some Queer Sympathisers.

Gideon went straight to work-there was no Training College then-and, with another Cadet, was sent to Newburgh. They had to stand alone here, and one night, as they were singing on the street, Gideon overheard one of a gang of roughs say to his mates: "Let's go and get them poor fellows somethlog to eat." Later on the gang marched into the ball bearing six loaves of bread and a hox of herriugs, which they deposited on the platform. The same gang offered to get some wood for them, and about a dozen marched into the Quarters one day with an armful each. The Cadets thanked them, but felt rather bad afterwards when they heard that the young roughs had stolen it from an old man's wood-pile.

#### Some Discouraging Receptions.

Things were not much better at the other Corps Gldeon went to. At Trenton he was greeted at the station by a man who shouted out, "Satan appeared also." On his arrival at the Quarters he found that all the front windows were smashed. The windows of the Bnrracks were also all out, and he had to spend the afternoon in fixing up the ce for the Sunday meetings. or three times the Officers here were mohhed, and one night a Cadet got struck across the chest with a slab and was badly hurt. In spite of all these annoyances, however, Gideon enjoyed his six months' stay at this place, for the work of God prospered and many drunkards, wife-heaters sinners of every kind cried to God for

At Forest only six Soldiers turned out to welcome the new Officers, whom they seemed to regard as tramps. After a week of prayer and self-denial, however, a blessed revival broke out, and many sought Christ.

#### Becomes District Officer.

The present Staff Captain has many more stories to relate of his early battics, but we must hasten on to the en he became a District Offi-Whilst stationed in London he had married Captain Bella Stubbs, a Canadian Officer, who came out of Walkerton. They were appointed to Windsor, Ont., and from there they weut to Guelph, with the rank of Eusign. Several District commands in Ontario and the Eastern Province followed, and then they proceeded to Bermuda. On returning to Canada, somewhat broken in health; owing to their long years of streuuous service, they took a well-earned furlongh,

#### A Great Opportunity.

The position of Building Superintendeut was then offered to the Staff-Captain, and he saw his opportunity of becoming exceedingly useful to The Army in another sphere of labour than that of Field Work

The expansion of our work necessitated the erection of numbers of buildings all over the country, and we greatly needed n good architect to draw the plans for us. Staff-Captain Miller jumped into the breach, and by going through a special course of study, qualified himself to fill the position. For the last four years he has drawn the plans for whatever huildiugs we have put up, and some of the finest structures we possess in Canada have been built according to his designs. The Grace Hospital, the St. John's School-honse, the pile of buildings recently ereeted at Vancouver, the St. John Cltadel, and many other fine structures are some of the lasting monuments to his skill and devotion that will remain long after the Staff-Captain has passed to his eternal reward in Heaven.

#### An Important Work.

Our architect is at present working upon many important plnns involving the expenditure of thousands of dol-Some of the greater of the proposed enlargements are as follows:

Remodelling of Quebec Citadel, and Alexander Street Barracks at | Montreal. The latter place will be used for a Metropole and Salvage Store when altered. A new wing is to be added to the Training College, and also to the Calgary Rescue Home, and the Peterboro Barracks is to be improved. Several new Chadels are also to be-erected shortly. It will thus be seen that the Staff-Captain has plenty of work to keep him busily employed, and we trust he will long he spared to us to carry on this important branch of

#### WILL D. R. B. TAKE NOTE?

Mrs. Lieut.-Colonel Gaskin has received D. R. B's letter, and is ex-tremely grieved to learn that she is in such sorrow and distress. sister will write to Mrs. Gaskin, her communication will be trented as strictly confidential; and any adviceand assistance possible will be joyfully given, D. R. B. is being lifted: to the Throne of God in enrnest

#### A Salvation Object Lesson. The Novel Pulpit Aid Used By Captain Gray, Forfar.

No one knows better the value of the old Gospel axion "First get your nudlence," than The Salvation Army, Officer, and he is always pressing in-to his service new and novel ideas, whereby he can catch the eye of the "innn in the street." Many a one will be attracted by something unconven-tional in the hands of a street preach-

One of the most striking object-lessons for the pulpit or platform is that which is used by Captain Gray, of The Salvation Army Headquarters, Forfar. It consists of a model doorway, with the text, "I am the door" on it, and also the words "Come," "Faith," and "Repentance." This forms the hasis of a stirring hoully. For openair and Children's work this novelty is invaluable.

valuable.
"When stationed at Alexandria, in "When stationed at Alexandria, in Glasgow, I saw a cardboard representation of a door, similar to the one I now use, and I thought it would be useful for Salvation work," says Captain Gray, "Then I went to Glasgow, and one of my relations there unde this one for me, out of olds and ender the bout thirty inches in height, and it is a useful ornnment."

### Trout for Central Africa.

A consignment of trout is now on its way from England to Zomha, in British Central Africa. Mr. Cadman, of the North of England Fish Hatchery, has been entrusted by the British. Government with the task of packing them. In 1905 he sent o. t. a consignment in patent boxes, but these failed in the limid transport on the way from Chinde to Zomba. Last, well be again sent out ten thousand rallubow own, which proved a great. They developed into one-and-a-half pound fish in fifteen months. The present consignment consists of 10,000 brown trout ova, and 3,000 frontinales, or American brook trout. They are packed in patent boxes, with the centers, so arranged that the Ice may be repletished. The voyage will be a journey of four days up the Zamhezi. The boxes will then go a four days journey by rafi, and after that be carried for one hundred miles through the bush by natives. The temperature of the country to be traversed varies from 14st degrees to 115 degrees. A considerable equipment for the establishment of a hutchery, is also being sent out.

Be more concerned to save one fallen one from her shame, one drumkard from his folly, one proligal from the defilement of the far country, than to discuss those speculations about truth which, after all, interest but few, and can be the fall of t not helpful even to them.

## Band Uniforms.

Now is your opportunity for ordering Band Uniforms. Don't delay in obtaining full particulars and samples. If you are anticipating ordering a new outlit, write the Trade Secretary, who will be pleased to give you full information. 🚜 😅 🚜

### Ladies' Dress Goods.

A full line of Serges, Cravenettes, Cashmeres and Lusires. Samples forwarded on application.

### JUST PUBLISHED! "Jabez. the Unlucky."

A Story of Junior Life in Southern India. Preface by Commissioner Booth-Tucker. Postpaid, 30c.

THE TRADE SECRETARY, ALBERT STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

### Salvation Songs THE

### Holiness.

Tunes-Give me a heart, 32; Nativity, 51; Song Book, 397.

Give me a heart to praise my God,
A heart from sin set free,
A heart that always feels the blood
So freely split for me.

Chorus.

Give me n heart like Thine!

By Thy wonderful power,

And Thy grace every hour,

Give me a heart like Thine!

A humble, lowly, contrite heart, Believing, true and clean; Which neither life nor death can part From Him that dwells within.

A heart in every thought renewed,
And full of love divine;
Perfect and right and pure and good,
A copy, Lord, of Thine.

To Me. Dear Saviour, Yes, to Me.

To me, dear Saviour, yes, to me, Speak out Thy utmost will; What Thy great love doth bld me do, I surely can fulfil.

Chorus.

There is not in my heart, left, one treasure, dear Lord,
That I would not yield gladly to Only let, in Thy mercy, Thy pleadings he heard.

ne neard, They shall gladly be answered by me.

To me, dear Saviour, yes, to me, Thy gracious pardon show; That not one sin I've ever sinnned, May unforgiven go.

To me, dear Saviour, yes, to me, The flood-gates open wide; That even I mey stoop and wash, Within the crimson tide.

### War and Experience.

Tune-B. J. 78.

I am a Soldier of the Cross, A follower of the Lamb; I will not fear to own His cause, Nor blush to speak His name.

### Chorus.

Chorus.

Let us much through the world with the fire and the blood;
Lord, the power and the glory are Thine;
When we've turned guilty sinners by millions to God,
Like stars in the heavens will shine.

The focs of truth and men I'll face, And bring them to the blood; I'll change the world by Jesus' grace, And conquer it for God.

Yes, I will fight and Christ shall reign, Increase my courage, Lord;
I'll bear the toll and victory gain,
For Thou hast given the word.

Tune-I have pleasure, 171.

4 Where are now those idle fancies,
That my heart felt long ago?
They heve vanished, gone forever,
Now His will alone I know.
For I lett my idle dreaming,
When I heard the Master's call.

Chorus.

I have pleasure in His service, More and more, more than all; I have pleasure in His service, More and more, more than all. Where are now the chains that bound

me,
Chains of sin and solf and pride;
They are gone for Jesus broke them,
When I sought His riven side.
Now a grand and nobler bondage,
Does my raptured soul enthrall.

### Salvation.

Tunes.—No other argument, 52; Congress, 28; Song Book, No. 77.

5 Jesus! the Name high over an, In hell, or earth, or sky: Angels and men before it fall, And derlis fear and fly.

### COMMISSIONER.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., Thursday, February 13th, 3 p.m. Salvation Meeting, Reform Baptist Church. 8 p.m., "From Bethlehem to Calvary," in the Opera House.

FREDERICTON, Friday, February 14th. 3 p.m., Salvation Meeting in Methodist Church. 8 p.m., "From Bethlehem to Calvary," in Opera

SUSSEX, Saturday, February 15th, 8 p.m., Lecture "Yesterday, To-day and To-morrow of the Salvation Army." The meeting will be held in the Methodist Church, and His Worship the Mayor will preside.

MONCTON, on Sunday, February 16th.—11 a.m., Holiness Meeting, in the Citadel. 3 p.m., Lecture, "Yesterday, To-day and To-morrow of The Salvation Army;" Premier Robinson will preside. 7 p.m., "From Bethlehem to Calvary." The meetings, afternoon and night, will be held in the Opera House.

TRURO, Monday, February 17, 8 p.m., "From Bethlehem to Calvary," in Y.M.C.A. Hall.

DARTMOUTH, Tuesday, February 18th, 8 p.m., Salvation Meeting in St. James' Presbyterian Church.

AMHERST, Wednesday, February 19th, 3 p.m., Salvation Meeting. 8 p.m., "From Bethlehem to Calvary," in Methodist Church.

CHATHAM, Thursday, February 20th, 3 p.m., Salvation Meeting, St. John's Presbyterian Church. 8 p.m., "The Yesterday, To-day and To-morrow of the Salvation Army," in the Masonic Hall. Lieut. Governor Tweedie will preside.

NEWCASTLE, Friday, February 21st. 3 p.m., Salvation Meeting in Opera House. 8 p.m., "From Bethlehem to Calvary," Opera House.

MONTREAL, Sunday, February 23rd, Salvation Services in the Citadel at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. "From Bethlehem to Calvary" in the Rifles' Armouries at 7 p.m.

POINT ST. CHARLES, Monday, February 24th. "From Bethlehem to Calvary," in the Armouries.

TORONTO, Sunday, March 1st. The Commissioner will meet the Young People of the City at the Victoria Hall at 2 p.m. The Terri-Young People of the City at the torial Staff Band will be present.

Lieut-Colonel Pugmire and Staff Captain Morris will accompany the Commissioner.

Jesus! the Name to sinners dear, The Name to sinners given; It scatters all their guilty fear, It turns their hell to heaven.

Jesus! the prisoner's fetters breaks, And bruises Satan's head; , Power Into strengthless souls ruises Satan's head; , Into strengthless souls it

speaks,
And life into the dead.

O that the world might taste and see The riches of His grace! The arms of love that compass me Would all mankind embrace.

Tunes—What's the news? 126; We're travelling home, 128; Song Book, No. 103.

Whene'er we meet you always

"What's the news?
Pray what's the order of the day?
What's the news?" what a the news ?
Oh, I have got good news to tell,
My Savlour hath done all things well,
And triumphed over death and hell,
That's the news.

The Lamb was slain on Calvary, To set a world of sinners free, For us Hc bowed His sacred head, For us His preclous blood was shed; And now He's risen from the dead.

And Jesus Christ can save you too. Your sinful heart he can renew, This moment, if for sin you grieve, This moment, if you do believe, A full acquittal you'll receive.

### WANTEDI

Consecrated women, to offer themsolves for Nursing, Rescue, and Maternity Work. Great advances are contemplated in this branch of our operations, including nursing among the poor, and in the homes of the people, besides other developments of this Important work. Apply to:

MRS. COMMISSIONER COOMES. 29 Albert Street, Toronto.

### MISSING.

rents. Reletions and Friends will start for mixing persons in any part of the gio poil, and, ex far as possible, assist wronged women ren, or anymor, a difficulty. Address Commissioner in combs, so Albert Street. Toronto, and mark "Hanquis-to-possible, to de second. In case a veproduction of a photo is desired to

### First insertion.

6361. OLIVER, ARTHUR: age 29; height 5ft. 10in.; falr hair; light blue eyes; clear complexion; plasterer by trade; came to Montreal in November, 1995; last heard of in Calgary; mother very distressed at not hearing from him; news urgently wanted.

him; news urgently wanted.
635. McCALLUM, PETER; last
known address 255-B 3rd Street, Detroit, Mich; age 24, height 5ft. Sin.;
light brown hair; birthmark on cheek.
Mother enquires.
6356. WOOD, MISS LOUIS; age
45; height 5ft. 5in.; very slim; brown
hair, sprinkled with grey; missing
nine months; last known address,
avedicine Fiat; can speak Several
languages; brother and friends very
anxlous.
6357. LORGENSEN. PERDOMAND.

anxious,
6357. JORGENSEN, FERDINAND
A., allus Johnson; Danish native; born
in Andersstrup Maribe, 1867; tall and
fair; last heard of four years ago in
Fairhank, Alaska. Mother enquires.
6309. COOMBS, GEORGE; married;
age 50; height 5ft. 6in; huburn hair;
hazel eyes; freekled complexion; last

heard of in Win Winnipeg; news wanted

if alive or dead.

5890. RAYNER, HARRIET, or
NETHERSOLE; last address sent to
friends, Port Over, Ont., some eight
years ago; may have changed her
name to Vanderlinden or Sarah Moody;
age 30: light brown hair; brown eyes;
fair complexion; may be in Simcos or
that neighbourheed.

6049. MACE MODILEY MODILEY

6049. MACE, MORLEY NOBLE; age 32; neight 5it, din; rosy checke, dark eyes, dark brown hair; vast seen a few years ago, was then on his way to Algome, Ont; news wasted.

6:50 RENTLY CHAS HORACE; single, age 26; height 5ft, 8in; dark nair, hazel eyes; clear complexion; carpenter by trade; last heard of in Sask.; was once employed by the Mich. Central Ry, as foreman carpenter, at St. Thomas; parents most anxious for news.

ious for news.

6365. WAGSTEFF, JAMES, came to
Canada in June, 1906; when last heard
of was working in Hamilton on the
docks; age 22; height 5ft. 3in.; soundy
built; mother very anxious for news

6366. HULME, JAMES; age 35, height 6ft; dark brown hair; grey eyes; light complexion; missien six years; supposed to be an organist in Montreal.

Montreal.

6368. WINTERS, JAMES H.; tail, well huilt; about 65 years of age; dark complexion; whiskers tinged with grey; was in Calgary; last heard of in Edmonton; news wanted.

6374. HEAGLES, E. ELVIRA; misses from Nowleh since 1992 are 46.

63(2. FERALUES, E. BLVIKA; miss-ing from Norwich, since 1902; case 65; brown hair; may be going groy; has been in Toronto and Hamiiton; may be going by the name of Mrs. Andrew Hengles.

### Winter Campaign Specials.

### The Chief Secretary

St. Thomas, Saturday and Sunday, February 15th and 16th.

Hamilton, Saturday and Senday,
February 22nd and 23rd.

Mrs. Sowton will accompan Chief Secretary to St. Thoma Hamilton, and Brigadier Pette also accompany the Chief Secret

LIEUT. COLONEL GASKIN.. Peterborough, Saturday and Sunday,

February 15th, and 16th. Temple, February 20th.

Kingston, Saturday and Sunday, March 14th, and 15th.

Belleville, Monday, March 18th. 11 St. Catharines, February, 15th, 16th Midland, February 29th, and March

MRS. LIEUT. COLONEL GASKIN.

With League of Mercy Brigade Will conduct meetings at Riverdale, Wednesday, Feb. 19; Esther Breef, Wednesday, Feb. 26.

### The Territorial Staff Band

Lindsay, Saturday and Sunday, Febra Uxbridge, Saturday and Sunday, March 14th and 15th. Orangeville, Saturday and Sanday, April 4th and 5th, Orillia, Saturday and Sunday, April 18th and 19th.

### G. B. M. APPOINTMENTS

Ensign Edwards, Western Prevince Huntsville, February 15, 16, 17, Parry Sound, February 18, 19, North Bay, Feb. 20; Englebert, Feb. New Liskeard, Feb. 25, 26; Haller urv F. . . . 28, 29, March L

Captain Hurd, East Ontario-

Ficton, Feb. 26, 27; Treaton, Feb. 28; Belliville, Feb. 29, March 1

Eneign Ash, Eastern Province Eneiga Ash, Essatera Provinces 1. Halifax II., February 12, 18; Barlmauth, Feb. 14; Londouderry, 2, 15; 16; Turo, Feb. 17, 18; Spare Feb. 19, 20; New Aberdeen, Feb. 28; Clace Bay, Feb. 23; Louisian Prop. 24.

Dominion, Feb. 25; White: 26; Morth Sydney, Feb. 77, 28, 30; Mines, Feb. 29; March 1.

THE

24th Year. No. 21.

